The Columbian.

VOL. 34 BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1899. NO. 4

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

W. O. Holmes Nominated for President—Other Nominations.

The Republicans of Bloomsburg met in annual caucus, for the purpose of naming a ticket to be voted for at the Spring election, in the Town Hall, Friday night. The attendance, like that of the Democratic caucus, held the week before, was very large. About the only office for which any fight was made was that of Justice of the Peace, and the result of the vote, when announced by the tellers, created no little surprise among the party leaders. The other nominations were made in routine order.

H. A. M'Killip called the meeting to order and stated that he was ready for the nomination of a chairman. Sam H. Harman was chosen, and wielded the sceptre of authority. John V. Logan and W. S. Rishton were elected secretaries.

The first to receive consideration was a person for President of Town Council. W. O. Holmes was named, and having no opposition, was nominated by acclamation.

For Members of Town Council there were four candidates before the caucus, namely: W. L. Demaree, Theodore L. Smith, J. S. Blue and Mathias Faust. The tellers appointed to receive and count the vote were Robert Runyon and Samuel Pursel. The result showed the first three to be the choice of the caucus, the vote being 113, 150, 129 and 61.

Then came the Justice of the Peace fight. C. W. McKelvy, R. H. Ringler and C. C. Yetter were named in rapid succession. The chair appointed Robert Young and Howard Patterson tellers. It was very evident to anyone who heard the whisperings of the ring members that Yetter was not their choice. But his early announcement for the place, and his indomitable pluck and energy displayed in getting the younger element out to the meeting, was too many for the old party leaders, and he won out. The vote as announced was Yetter 85, McKelvy 51 and Ringler 64.

John W. Gibbs was nominated for Constable over Wm. Dietterick by a vote of 115 to 70.

J. C. Brown was nominated for School Director without opposition, as were also Prof. G. E. Wilbur and A. H. Bloom for Auditors.

Ward nominations were made as follows:

FIRST WARD.
Judge—Geo. L. Moyer.
Inspector—C. P. Sloan.
Registry Assessor—A.M. Wintersteen

SECOND WARD.
Judge—T. E. Sands.
Inspector—C. H. Hendershott.
Registry Assessor—W. E. Coffman.

THIRD WARD.
Judge- W. H. Shutt.
Inspector—Jacob Miller.
Registry Assessor—Roy R. Ralston.

FOURTH WARD.
Judge—J. W. Sands.
Inspector—C. H. Sharpless.
Registry Assessor—Daniel Kashner.

The President and Secretary were authorized to fill any vacancies which might occur before the time of election.

Spring Election.

The Spring elections this year will be held on Tuesday, February 21st. As it is necessary to file certificates of nomination with the County Commissioners at least eighteen days before the election the last day will be Friday, February 3rd. And when nominations are made by nomination papers they must be filed at least fifteen days before the election, and the last day to file them will be February 6th.

Fall elections cannot come earlier than November 2d, nor later than the 8th. Spring elections not earlier than February 15th, nor later than the 21st. The last Fall election and this Spring election both strike the latest date.

Defrauding a Landlord.

Judge Simonton, of Dauphin Co., has defined what constitutes the charge of defrauding a boardinghouse keeper. W. E. Mutzelbaugh was before the Court on that charge. The defendant, it was testified, had no baggage in his possession when he became a boarder at the establishment. Judge Simonton decided that as he had no baggage when he became a boarder, his offense was not a criminal one, and had no right to be brought up in a criminal court. The Judge instructed the jury to the effect that to come into a criminal court, a boardinghouse keeper must have evidence that a defrauding patron had baggage and sneaked it away from the house.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

Annual Meeting for Election of Officers—Held Saturday Afternoon.

The annual meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Association, for the election of officers for the ensuing year took place in the Court House, Saturday afternoon. The meeting was called to order by R. T. Smith, of Mifflinville. Fred B. Hartman was chosen Chairman, and Harry Barton and Samuel Pursel, secretaries. W. B. Allen, was selected for reading clerk and the meeting was ready for business. The chair requested that the minutes of the previous meeting be read. Approved.

Next in order came the roll call, which revealed the fact that the attendance was not quite up to that of former years. The chairman then requested the treasurer to make some report on the financial condition of the association. Mr. Brown stated that inasmuch as he had printed the statement on slips and had passed them among the members, who could see for themselves, a report was hardly necessary.

The question of salaries was discussed for some length. It was finally decided that they remain the same as last year, with the exception of Librarian; which was increased $25.

The election of officers was now in order. For President, R. W. Smith and E. H. Sloan, were named. The tellers were A. V. Cressler and W. D. Beckley. The vote was taken and resulted in the election of Mr. Sloan, by 124 to 82.

The nominees for Vice Presidents were: J. T. Reeder, E. D. Hagenbuch, Stephen Petit, J. W. Bowman, C. E. Adams, F. P. Hagenbuch and A. C. Creasy. Four to be elected. O. W. Cherrington, Freas Quick and E. K. Freas were appointed tellers. The vote resulted as follows: Adams 181, Petit 148, Reeder 107, Creasy 95, E. D. Hagenbuch 81, F. P. Hagenbuch 71, Bowman 59. The first four were declared elected.

For the office of Secretary it was discovered that there was a contest. A. N. Yost and C. M. Terwilliger were named. The tellers were Warren H. Eyer, W. R. Kocher and W. H. Brooke. The count showed Yost to be the choice, he having received 111 votes and his opponent 94.

James C. Brown was unanimously elected Treasurer.

There was no opposition to W. B. Allen for Librarian.

The nominees for Executive Committee, three to be elected were: Henry Deighmiller, Thomas Mensch, H. V. Hower, F. P. Hagenbuch, I. B. Ikeler and E. H. Sloan. The vote was taken by M. P. Lutz, C.C. Yetter and J. B. DeLong, counted and announced as follows: Hagenbuch 110, Deighmiller 110, Ikeler 111, Sloan 79, Mensch 66 and Hower 53.

The Auditors elected were William Masters, J. B. DeLong and E. E. Low.

The chairman then called on H. V. White, representative to the State Board of Agriculture. Mr. White responded and gave an able and interesting talk, stating in a lucid manner, what had been accomplished during the past year. He also gave the farmers some excellent advice, and urged them to read the daily stock market report and thereby keep in touch with the pulse of the people.

At the conclusion of this meeting the newly elected officers met and elected E. H. Sloan Chairman. W. W Barrett was made keeper of the grounds.

It was decided after considerable discussion, that the fair this year will be opened on Tuesday and close on Friday. This, it is claimed will give exhibitors an opportunity to remove their exhibits from the ground on Saturday, and will also lessen the Societies expense in keeping the live stock on the ground over Sunday. Another point advanced in favor of closing on Friday is that the fair may be contiuued on Saturday, should it storm on Friday.

Sophomores Had a Banquet.

The Sophomores of Susquehanna University held their annual banquet at the Washington House, Middleburg, Friday night. The following responded to toasts: Professor Fisher, Messrs. Burns, Gramley, Terman, Strail, Allison, Lambert, Newhauser, Scheese and Miss Barbe. The class was chaperoned by Professor and Mrs. George E. Fisher.

Mr. Burns, one of the speakers, was a former resident of Bloomsburg, and preached in the Lutheran Church a few weeks ago, while here on a visit.

BASKET BALL.

The Normal School Team went to Danville Monday evening and defeated the team of that city in a very exciting game. The Danville papers, however, claim victory for their boys, as will be seen by the following account of the game, taken from the Danville *News*:

The game of basket ball, played in the armory Monday night, between the team of this city and the Bloomsburg State Normal School, brought the victory around to Danville again. It was an old-fashioned game, in which our boys were on their mettle from start to finish. The Normal is a team with a reputation second to but few teams. They threw the first goal last night and pitched into the game with a spirit and vim, which showed that they meant to keep ahead if possible. Danville was right on their heels, however, and they were not able to score a point that was not immediately offset by a goal from the home team. Thus the game showed up as the closest and most hotly contested in this city. At the end of the first half the score was 5 to 4 in favor of Danville. It was undoubtedly owing to the fine team work that the victory last night was won. The audience, which was a large one, went nearly wild with excitement, and the applause which was showered upon the home team, as one by one they scored their brilliant points, was deafening. During the second half Sechler was obliged to retire, owing to a slight injury. Both Sechler and Seidel at defense won admiration by their cunning tactics, which effectually prevented their big antagonist from scoring, although in stature, he was a giant compared to either of them. The line up:

DANVILLE.	POSITIONS.	B. S. N. S.
Marks	Attack	Lewis
Bedea	Attack	McGuffie
Klase	Center	Aldinger
Sechler, Seidel	Defense	Oplinger
Gaskins	Defense	Clayberger

Danville: Goals from field—Marks 2; Bedea, 2; Gaskins, 2. From fouls—Bedea, 1. B. S. N. S.: Goals from field—Aldinger, 3; McGuffie, 1; Clayberger, 1. From fouls—Lewis, 2. Score: Danville, 13; B. S N. S., 12.

LICENSE COURT.

License court was in session again on Wednesday, with Judge Little and Associates Fox and Kurtz on the bench. The attendance was large. The applications of H. F. Dieterick, William Giger were heard, for hotels in Bloomsburg. The charges were selling to persons of known intemperate-habits, and to minors, and after notice had been served not to sell to certain parties. In Giger's case he was also charged with selling on Sunday. A number of witnesses were heard. In Dieterick's case the charges were denied by himself and bar-tender. In Giger's case no witnesses were called on his behalf, but Judge Herring, his counsel, asked the court to grant the license, with the understanding that it would be transferred to another party. The court held the cases under advisemenr, and adjourned until this morning at 9 o'clock. The case of Greist from Pine township is still to be heard.

At the opening of court Judge Little announced that the licenses of H. F. Deiterick and J. R. Fowler were granted, and William Giger's refused. The cases of Yost and Hennessy still remain open.

A Very Interesting Occasion.

The Phillipsburg *Journal* of last week contained the following account of the visit of Miss Anna Cameron, daughter of Glasco Cameron, of this town:

"Miss Anna Cameron, of Bloomsburg, superintendent of the A. M. E. Sabbath School Association, paid the school of Haven Chapel a fraternal visit last evening and made a stirring address. She was introduced by Mr. Morrison, a delegate to the last district convention. Her address was very entertaining and full of encouragement. At the conclusion of her address Presiding Elder Brown gave a ten minute address, not forgetting to commend the faithful work being done by Miss Cameron. Rev. M. S. Jones of Greensburg, former pastor of Haven Chapel also followed with an address.

The superintendent, Lemuel Jackson, spoke briefly and thought the school would be greatly benefited by Miss Cameron's visit which, it is hoped, will be frequently repeated. Miss Cameron left this morning for Curwinsville. During her stay here she was the guest of Mrs. R. "ordan."

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

What Has Occurred There Since Our Last Visit.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses have been granted by Prothonotary W. H. Henrie:

M. L. Stewart and Miss Lizzie J. Brown, both of Conyngham Twp.

Stephen Vaneer, of Salem Twp., and Miss Jennie Paden, of the same place.

Clinton M. Hock and Miss Abby L. Confer, both of Greenwood Twp.

W. O. Holmes, of Bloomsburg, and Miss M. E. Hulfish, of Philadelphia.

Joseph H. Sitler, of Briarcreek Twp., and Miss Lizzie R. Knorr, of Centre Twp.

R. H. Karshner, of Iola, and Miss Minnie Fought, of Unityville.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Daniel Snyder et al. to George Ruckle, for tract of land in Scott Twp.

George Ruckle and wife to Harvey C. Ruckle, for land in Scott Twp.

James W. Montgomery to George Cohen, for land in Beaver Twp.

George Cohen and wife to Charles A. Farium, for tract of land in Beaver Twp.

Charles Rasley to James Sponenberg, for tract of land in Briarcreek Twp.

James C. Sponenberg and wife to Ida E. Welliver, for land in Briarcreek Twp.

Mary J. Pursel to Mary J. Walter, for land in Hemlock Twp.

Norman J. Pursel to Daisy Zimmerman, for tract of land in Bloomsburg.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

The following sherriff sales are advertised to take place:

At the Court House on Saturday, January 28, at two o'clock p. m. property of James Magee Carpet Works.

At the same place on Saturday, February 4, at two o'clock p. m. property of David Albertson, August Stander, and William Pullen, situate in Greenwood township.

At the same time and place, property of Erastus Hendershott, situate in Madison township.

At the same time and place, property of David Martz, situate in Briarcreek township.

At the same place on Saturday, February 18 property of Joseph Madij and Charles Madij, situate in Roaringcreek township.

Evangelistic Services.

On next Sunday, Jan. 29th Rev. J. D. Smith will begin a series of Gospel Meetings in the Baptist church. Rev. Thomas Elger the noted Prison Evangelist, and an old frind of the pastor, will be with us for one week, from Monday Jan. 30. Rev. Elger is a man filled with the spirit and power. For years he has devoted his life to labor among the criminals in our jails and prisons, pointing scores of them to the Christ. No man in this land, perhaps, has done more in that field than has he. He has labored in many of our large cities with pastors of all denominations, and his labors have been signally a word of God.

I earnestly ask all Christians of every name to pray that his coming may stir Bloomsburg to its center. The following are some of the subjects upon which he will speak: Monday evening Jan. 30, "An Instrument of Ten Strings." Tuesday 7:30, "Forgotten Men". Wednesday, "The Quickening Sense of the Soul". Thursday, "From Bondage to Liberty". Friday, "Wonders in the Dark". Sunday, Feb. 5, a. m., "A Study of the Face of Jesus Christ". Evening, "Home Sweet Home".

There will be meetings each afternoon beginning with Tuesday at 4:15 o'clock, to enable the teachers in our schools to be present. The public and especially the unconverted are urged to attend all these services.

J. D. SMITH, Pastor.

To Use Heavier Rails.

The Reading Railway Company has decided to re-steel its road between West Milton and East Mahanoy Junction, on the Catawissa road, with 90-pound rails. This line is used almost exclusively for shipping coal over the mountain, and the 75-pound rails now used are found to be too light for carrying the large engines used by the Company in this traffic. The Company is erecting, in the yards at Catawissa, the largest coal dock, water tank and turn-table, on its entire system. The new steel rails are being received from Steelton.

THE FINAL SALE

—OF THE—

GIDDING & CO. STOCK

—OF—

Suits,
Overcoats,
Storm Overcoats,
Boys' Reefers,
and
Men's and Boy's Pantaloons,

is now going on. The goods are being sold regardless of cost.

Everything Must Be Closed Out By Feb. 1st.

This is your last and greatest opportunity to clothe yourself and family at almost

HALF REGULAR PRICES,

but do not delay, as the sale positively closes February 1st.

AT AUCTION!

Entire stock of Fine Shoes, upwards of $6,000, to the highest bidder for CASH. Sale every day at 2 p. m. and 7 p m., until stock is disposed of.

FINE SHOES

At private sale. Those who cannot attend the auction sale of Shoes can buy at private sale every day until 2 p. m., and from 4 to 7 p. m.

GIDDING & CO.

☞Two Doors Below Postoffice.

The Leader Department Store.

Here's a Leader.

A stair carpet made of tough material, plain ground, with bright stripes

15c. per yard.

Made to sell for 25 cents.

Stair Carpet.

3 Beautiful Paterns Stair Carpets, full width, bright coloring

25c. per yard.

Goods just out of looms.

An all wool Filling, full width, heavy goods

40c. per yard.

Some would charge you 50c.

TABLE LINEN

We offer you a special bargain this week. An all Linen Table Cover, fringed, made to sell for $1.25, we will close out at 98c. Sets of Cover and Napkins, out of unbleached linen, which we have been selling for $7.00, we will close out at $5.50.

Other bargains in heavy goods.

We've got a few all wool Sweaters we wish you would take off our hands. We'll just cut the price in half, as there are but two colors. And it will pay you to take our heavy all wool Underwear and carry over to next Winter. We want them closed out, and if one price won't move them, another must.

CARPETS

You cannot buy Carpets cheaper, in either New York or Philadelphia, than you can with us, notwithstanding the so-called cheap offerings. You can buy your Carpets of similar quality more cheaply from us than anywhere else.

Come and look at our patterns. We have special prices on patterns we do not intend running any longer. Quality just as good as our choicest patterns.

Special prices on all grades of Ingrains.

RUGS

This is a day of Rugs. For something cheap and good nothing fills the bill like an art square. We will give you a 9x9 all wool square for $5.00. This is the wholesale price. We can give you a cheaper one for just half—$2.50 for a 9x9.

The Leader Store Co., Ltd.,

Fourth and Market Sts.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Governor Stone Issues a Statement in Support of Quay.

BOTH SIDES CLAIM THE VICTORY

While the Governor Expresses Confidence in the Senator's Re-election, Mr. Van Valkenburg, the Anti-Quay Manager, Is Equally Confident That He Cannot Win.

Harrisburg, Jan. 24.—Governor Stone gives the following signed statement on the senatorial situation:

"My opinion has not changed since I expresed the belief, after the action of the caucus making Colonel Quay the nominee of the Republican party for United States senator, that he would be re-elected. His supporters have not had a break in their lines since that time, and they have made gains. Pennsylvania is a Republican state, and unless there are some serious reasons why a regularly nominated candidate of the Republican party in the state should not be elected, it is usually safe to predict that he will win. More than two-thirds of the Republican members of the general assembly are already publicly committed to him. No one can honestly or fairly question the regularity of the nomination of Senator Quay. The caucus was regularly called and properly conducted. Stalwart Republicans generally throughout the commonwealth have accepted him as the candidate of their party and want to see him elected.

"The conspiracy case brought against him in the heat of the campaign has been fully ventilated and the political character of the proceedings is thoroughly understood by the people. The argument of Attorney Watson before the supreme court clearly demonstrated that there was nothing in the bills of indictment against Senator Quay, nor in the testimony, showing him to have violated any law. This has been made plain to all, as has the fact that this prosecution was inspired and instituted for the purpose of influencing votes against Senator Quay in his senatorial canvass. It is not my purpose or intention to quarrel with anyone who is opposed to Senator Quay. That is his right and privilege. But I do say that I believe that way down in the hearts of the nearly one-half of a million Republicans of Pennsylvania who voted for me for governor at the last election, there is a feeling of sympathy for Senator Quay in the present contest. He has been a brave soldier in the hour of his country's trials, he has been a gallant, able and victorious field marshal of the Republican party, not only in local and state campaigns, but in one of the greatest and most bitterly fought national contests ever waged in American politics. To him, more than to any one else, as chairman of the Republican national committee, did we owe the election of General Benjamin Harrison to the presidency. As a member of the United States senate, he has watchfully and zealously guarded the great industrial, manufacturing and commercial interests of our commonwealth. His influence was potential, not only in materially aiding in the passage of the McKinley bill, but, with the Democrats in control of congress, through his close relations with his colleagues on both sides of the house, and his statesmanlike course on the floor of the senate, he saved Pennsylvania's industries from ruin by the amendments he had inserted in the Wilson bill for their especial protection.

Considers Quay's Election Sure.

"There should be no occasion for concern among the friends of Senator Quay on account of the present deadlock on the senatorship. Public sentiment in his favor is making itself felt among the members of the legislature. If Senator Quay's supporters stand firm, as I am convinced they will, his re-election will certainly follow in due time."

E. A. Van Valkenburg, who is managing the anti-Quay campaign, issues a statement in which he says the senatorial situation is no longer complicated nor uncertain. Mr. Van Valkenburg claims Senator Quay's strength was at high tide when he received 113 votes, which is just 14 short of a majority. Against him are 139 votes, 87 Democrats and 52 anti-Quay Republicans.

"The Quay managers have abandoned all hope of securing a single vote from the anti-Quay ranks," he adds. "But while admitting that no Democrat will vote directly for Quay at any stage of the contest, they assert with an air of mystery, rather than of confidence, that at the proper time enough Democrats will be found to supply the necessary 14 votes that Senator Quay must have to elect him. The Quay machine is bankrupt in the mater of political patronage. All the attempts of the Quay people to create friction between the Democrats and the anti-Quayites have signally failed. Senator Quay amassed all his strength to break the anti-Quay lines last Wednesday, and failed. Senator Quay may be able to prolong the deadlock, but re-elect himself United States senator from Pennsylvania, never."

The feeling between the Quay and anti-Quay factions was intensified by an attempt of the former to boycott the latter in the matter of pairs, the Quay men refusing to pair with any but Democrats. This boycott was only partially enforced, but if it should be continued Flinn is likely to find some effective way of retaliating. He is devoting his entire attention to the defeat of Quay, and while he claims that this is already assured he proposes to be neither defeated nor punished. With the close of the ballot on Saturday there was a general exodus of senators and represenatives for home, a corporal's guard remaining over.

Everybody Is at Sea.

Beyond the fact that there is a senatorial deadlock that appears to be rock bottomed and copper fastened, everybody is at sea as to the future outcome. The preponderance of opinion is that Quay is defeated, but very few are even guessing as to his successor. Changes are looked for next week, but in what direction no one can tell. Three-fourths of the Democrats, recognizing that all their successes in recent years have been due to independent Republican votes, and that many of the present Democratic membership in the legislature owe their election to the Wanamaker and Swallow campaign, would be willing to vote for an independent Republican for senator and end the deadlock. There are several, however, who would like a break for an independent Republican to give them a pretext for voting for Quay, so that for the present at least the Democrats will keep on voting solidly for Jenks.

The 52 anti-Quay Republicans are having an easy time of it in comparison with some of their Quay opponents. Almost to a man the anti-caucus senators and representatives have been sustained by their constituents, while several of the Quay members, especially from the country districts, have received a terrible scoring. One of the newspapers in Franklin county has been printing a roll of honor containing the names of senators and representatives from other counties who are steadily voting for Judge John Stewart, and a parallel roll of dishonor containing the names of the two representatives from Franklin county who are voting for Quay. In several other counties the Quay members are in the hottest kind of hot water with their constituents, and it will not be surprising if some of these will leave Quay for some other Republican after a few more ballots.

Many Absent Without Leave.

There is some surprise expressed over the large number of absentees without leave. Representative Kendall, of Somerset, was the only anti-Quay member on this list. He was reported to have gone to the Scotland Soldiers' Orphan school on a visit with Captain W. Skinner for the day, Captain Skinner, however, having taken the precaution to secure a pair. Senator Higgins is still lying ill in the hospital here and is improving slowly.

The Republicans on the Quay side who failed to secure a pair are Senator Brown, of Westmoreland, who is said to be at home sick, and Representative Charles B. Noblit, of Philadelphia. The other three representatives were Democrats, who did not understand the value or necessity of pairing. They will be fully enlightened on this subject by their colleagues when they return next week.

Under the present system of pairs no man, not even if he be confined by a critical illness at home, need hereafter be recorded as absent and not voting. Pairs can be arranged by telegraph.

Lieutenant Governor Gobin has now the manner of a Chesterfield and the courtesy of a Bayard while occupying the chair in the joint session. It is not likely that there will be any more complaint about the presiding officer's rulings hereafter.

There are vague rumors and mysterious hints here concerning the arrest in the near future of somebody for bribery in connection with the election of a United States senator. There are any number of Quay detectives here and they are exceedingly mysterious. One of them was asked if there were to be any arrests. He said that there would be, and that there was plenty of evidence to go with the arrest. As this particular sleuth was connected with the agency that was active for Senator Penrose two years ago very little credence is placed in what he says. In fact, the spreading of the story is regarded as a Quay bluff.

The Contest For Gobin's Seat.

The Quay and anti-Quay issue is to be raised in the nomination and election of a senator from Lebanon county to succeed Gobin. The election will take place on Feb. 24, one week after the regular February election, and as it will not be complicated with any municipal issue the contest is certain to be fought out on the lines of the present senatorial contest at the state capital. The names of the Quay and anti-Quay candidates have not been announced, but the selections will doubtless be made this week. As Lebanon county is within easy reach of Harrisburg both the Quay and anti-Quay voters in the legislature are likely to be invited to address meetings of the Lebanon county voters.

Ex-Senator William H. Andrews, of Crawford, was a conspicuous figure on the floor. He was acting as a sort of director general of the Quay forces, although when the balloting began he took a retired seat to the right of the speaker, but watching every movement of either side with the utmost attention.

Just prior to the entrance of the senate Mr. Andrews occupied a conspicuous position in the front seats of the house. This body had not been called to order, and for a little while there was considerable cross firing between Senator Flinn and Mr. Andrews. It was good natured, but full of stings.

"Come over here and sit down, Bill," called Senator Flinn to Andrews, who was discussing the situation with a Philadelphia member.

"Oh, you are over on the Democratic side," replied Andrews, turning to the anti-Quay leader with a grin, referring to the seat that Senator Flinn was occupying temporarily.

"Well, it feels a good deal better to be on this side than it does to be over on your side," was the quick response, and the Democrats and anti-Quay Republicans applauded vigorously.

The senate met last Wednesday evening to receive messages from the governor. Private Secretary Gerwig presented communications from the governor in which he announced that he had appointed Israel W. Durham, of Philadelphia, insurance commissioner, to succeed James H. Lambert, and Thomas J. Stewart, of Montgomery county, to succeed himself as adjutant general. The senate unanimously confirmed these appointments. Senator David Martin was present, but refrained from voting. At Wednesday morning's session of the senate W. W. Griest was confirmed as secretary of the commonwealth and John P. Elkin as attorney general. Governor Stone had requested the resignation of Colonel Lambert, commissioner of insurance. As no reason was assigned by the executive for the request and the term for which Colonel Lambert was appointed would not expire until May, 1900, he declined to resign. The governor did not reply to Colonel Lamber's letter of declination, but sent in the name of Mr. Durham.

WILKINS.

NEW YORK LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

It is a long step from the log felled across a stream, as a footway, to such a structure as the Brooklyn bridge. The suspension bridge is a creature of the last few years. Half a century ago there was no railroad bridge anywhere; trains were ferried, or passengers transferred across the great rivers within the memories of men who are by no means patriarchs yet. When the Broklyn bridge was projected it was regarded as visionary. But the problem was solved; now there are longer spans in existence, and it is planned to throw one of 3,000 feet across the Hudson. But before that is done New York will have another Brooklyn bridge, larger in every way than the present one.

The new East river bridge was authorized by the legislature in 1895. Work on it has already so far progressed that the tower foundations on the Manhattan side are completed, and those on the Long Island side will be done in about three months. The anchorages on each side are being built, and will be finished next year. The cost of the whole is estimated at $12,000,000. The work exceeds in magnitude anything of the kind ever done.

The following figures will give an idea of its magnitude: Its principal dimensions will be: Length of entire bridge between terminals, 7,200 feet; length of main span, center to center of towers, 1,600 feet; extreme width of bridge, 118 feet; height of masonry in tower foundations above high water, 23 feet; minimum height of bridge above mean high water of spring tides for 200 feet on each side of center span, 135 feet; height of axis of cables at top of towers above high water, 332 feet 8 1-2 inches; two stiffening trusses between towers, distance apart from center to center, 67 feet; width of carriage ways, each 20 feet; width of two foot walks, each 12 feet; width of four trolley car tracks, center to center, 9 3-4 feet; width of two elevated railroad tracks, center to center, 11 feet; grade of approaches, 3 per cent. The towers above the masonry, and the entire suspended structure, except flooring, will be of steel.

The total length of the present Brooklyn bridge is 5,980 feet; its stone towers are 276 feet high, and each weighs about 60,000 tons. Its four cables are each 15 3-4 inches in diameter.

The new bridge towers will be of steel; first, because stone towers would cost about $2,000,000 more than steel and would take five times as long to build. Second, because steel towers can be made as strong and durable as the cables, which limit the life of the bridge. And third, because the bridge will carry six railroad tracks and two highways straight from end to end, and it would be impossible to carry these through stone towers, without converging them, and thus diminishing the use of the tracks.

Dr. Abbott and Plymouth Church.

When Dr. Abbott first stood in Beecher's shoes, eleven years ago, there were many who felt that he must suffer by comparison. Confirmed as pastor, he brought to the famous pulpit a breadth of thought and a wealth of oratory and fervor which maintained Plymouth in its old and proud position as one of the noted Christian temples of the world.

Dr. Abbott, who has been more than ever in the public eye of late, because some of his assertions about the Bible stirred up men of less liberal views, is now sixty-three year old. His view

REV. LYMAN ABBOTT.

of Jonah's adventures with the whale resulted in widespread criticism in January of 1897. He said at that time in a lecture:

"It makes no difference whether a great fish swallowed Jonah or not. No man is better for believing the story, and no man is worse for not believing it. Christ used fiction in parables in his discourses. Some people may be disturbed because they cannot bring themselves to believe the whale story. They should not go on their knees and ask to be coerced into believing it. The foolishness is in believing unbelievable things."

Dr. Abbott belongs to one of the best known of New England families. He is the third son of Jacob Abbott, and was born in Rexford, Mass., in 1835. He was a close friend and admirer of Henry Ward Beecher, after meeting him in Plymouth Church.

In Dr. Abbott's opinion the central question for the nineteenth century to solve is that presented by the difference between naturalism and supernaturalism—the question whether Christianity is an evolution from below and Jesus Christ the highest type of human development, or whether it is a gift from above and Jesus Christ a divine manifestation from God. On this question Mr. Beecher was a supernaturalist, and so is Dr. Abbott.

CYRUS THORP.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

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CATARRH FOR TWENTY YEARS AND CURED IN A FEW DAYS.—Nothing too simple, nothing too hard for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to give relief in an instant. Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr of Catarrh for 20 years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles all these symptoms of Catarrh left me."—2.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Luzerne county has established a precedent which should be followed by every county in the State. The Commissioners made application to the grand jury for authority to permanently improve, at the cost of the county, five miles of public road, and the grand jury has approved the application. This is thought to be the first instance in Pennsylvania where the county engaged in public road building.

IT HAS BEEN FULLY demonstrated that Ely's Cream Balm is a specific for Nasal Catarrh and Cold in the Head. This distinction has been achieved only as the result of continued successful use. A morbid condition of the membrane in the nasal passages can be cured by this purifying and healing treatment. Sold by druggists or it will be mailed for 50 cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. It spreads over the membrane, is absorbed and relief is immediate.

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Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers. 1-5-4td.

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FROM $4.00 UP TO $9.00.

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and tender little juicelets for the children, are all right, but papa and "the boys" want a good, big, juicy steak, roast or chop when business or school duties are over, and we can cater to them all. Our stock of prime meats is unexcelled for quality, and we send them home in fine shape.

J. E. KEIFER.

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of Bloomsburg, notwithstanding the late financial and business depression.

HAS BEEN PHENOMINAL.

Its permanence and prosperity are now assured.

The Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company now offers for sale the most desirable lots for residences and business purposes to be had in this town, at moderate prices and upon easy terms.

A SMALL PAYMENT

down and small monthly payments thereafter will secure a lot.

Those purchasers desiring to build, and own their own homes the company will assist by advancing the money there on.

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Maps of the town and our plotted property furnished on application.

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THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .20
Eggs per dozen	.24
Lard per lb	08
Ham per pound	.10
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	.80
Oats " "	40
Rye " "	.50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.00
Hay per ton	9 to $10
Potatoes per bushel,	.60
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	.80
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25
Tallow per lb	.05
Shoulder " "	.09
Side meat " "	.08
Vinegar, per qt	.05
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.18
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.50
Corn meal, cwt	1.25
Bran, "	.95
Chop "	.95
Middlings "	.95
Chickens per lb new	.08
" " " old	.08
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.14
Ducks " "	.08

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

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Sold by all Local Druggists.

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DEMOCRATS CONTROL

The Situation at Harrisburg in the Senatorial Fight Against Senator Quay.

NOT A BREAK IN THE JENKS LINE

Colonel Guffey's Splendid Work and the Enthusiasm of Mr. Jenks—Gobin Tries to Control the Joint Convention and Fails—A Red Hot Time in Which the Majority Rules.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Jan. 23.—The situation in Harrisburg the past week has not changed. Quay is still outside the breastworks, and the Democrats hold the key to the situation. With the co-operation of the anti-Quay Republicans they have successfully defeated several attempts of the Quay Republicans to infringe on their rights. This was particularly the case on last Wednesday, when the new lieutenant governor, J. P. Gobin, attempted in the most high handed way to rule the joint convention in behalf of Quay.

At the Democratic caucus, held that morning, it was decided to present a series of rules for governing the joint convention. The anti-Quay Republican leaders had been invited to discuss these rules, and had agreed to them, and guaranteed to stand by the Democrats in securing their adoption. There was nothing particular in the rules, except one which provided that there be only one joint ballot for United States senator per day. This was distasteful to the Quay leaders, and they laid their plans to defeat the adoption of the rules, and Lieutenant Governor Gobin was selected as the club.

DIXON'S JOINT RULES.

Accordingly when Representative Dixon, of Elk, the Democratic leader, offered these joint rules Gobin refused to listen to them. He ruled then them out of order. Then Mr. Dixon appealed from his decision, seconded by Senator Flinn, the anti-Quay leader. But again Gobin refused to listen to the appeal. Finally when a hurried attempt was made by the Quay men to adjourn Gobin summarily dismissed the convention, refusing to call the yeas and nays, as demanded by half the Democrats on the floor and the anti-Quay Republicans. In an instant the house was in an uproar. A protest meeting was held, with Bliss, anti-Quay Republican of Delaware, as chairman, and Dixon, Democrat of Elk, as secretary.

A series of vigorous resolutions, denouncing Gobin and his action, were framed. That day it was also decided that if in the future Gobin attempted anything more of the kind he would be dismissed from the chair. All Wednesday afternoon Hon. George A. Jenks, Hon. John H. Fow and ex-Judge Gordon, of Philadelphia, three of the ablest Democratic lawyers in this state, with ex-Attorney General H. C. McCormick, Republican, were in a Harrisburg law office examining the law as to Gobin's right to preside over the joint convention as lieutenant governor. It was found that he had no right, nothing but courtesy and precedent permitting him to so act. The protest was signed by 159 senators and members, the majority of the legislature, all of them Democrats and anti-Quay Republicans, with perhaps half dozen Quay men who became disgusted with the action of their party.

DEMOCRATS STAND FAST.

The Democrats are in excellent shape. During the past week Colonel J. M. Guffey, the brilliant and active Democratic leader, left his great business in Pittsburg and came on to Harrisburg to look after the fight in person. Hon. George A. Jenks, candidate for United States senator, spent part of the week here. From Philadelphia came ex-Judge James G. Gordon, whose sterling Democracy has earned him the eternal enmity of the Quay machine. D. A. Orr, editor of the Harrisburg Patriot, ex-Postmaster John B. Larkin, of Pittsburg, ex-County Chairman W. J. Brennan, of Allegheny, ex-Congressman Howard Mutchler, P. Gray Meek, Colonel "Jack" Spangler and other leading Democrats of the state have been in constant attendance, watching the progress of events. Despite the fact that these men were here directing the fight in person the Quay men did not hesitate to attempt all sorts of lying schemes to create friction between anti-Quay Republicans and the solid Democratic phalanx.

Their most popular mehod was to start the story that certain members in certain Democratic delegations were wavering, and that on such a day these men would break away from the Democratic line. The story would then be circulated as coming from the Wanamaker headquarters. Every falsehood of this kind was alleged to come from the anti-Quay Republican rooms in the Commonwealth hotel, but their frequency and persistency soon revealed their real character. Senator Flinn and General Koontz repeatedly and vigorously denied that any such statements had come from them, but on the contrary they had discovered that these reports were circulated by Quay's lieutenants.

The object undoubtedly was to create friction between the Republicans who are fighting Quay and the Democrats who are also fighting him. There was another reason perhaps more important than this, and that is that the Quay men are compelled to make some such assertions to keep their lines straight. It is well known that there are at least ten men voting for Quay who are ready to break away from him whenever an opportunity presents.

ELKIN IS CONFIRMED.

John P. Elkin was confirmed in the senate last week as the attorney general of Governor Stone's cabinet. His confirmation was made possible by the help of four Democratic senators, viz: Boyd of Fayette, Haines of York, Neely of Clarion and Stiles of Lehigh. Even then Elkin, one of the indemnity bond signers, and a man who has been denounced for that action by Democrats and Republicans for two years, had only one vote to spare in the senate. Not in a quarter of a century has any senator been subjected to such denunciation as these four Democrats. In Stiles' district they held a mass meeting in Allentown and denounced him for betraying his constituents and his party. In Boyd's district, in Fayette and Green counties, the utmost indignation prevails. Congressman-elect Hall came up from Washington and gave Neely, the senator from Clarion, a piece of his mind in a vigorous way. All of these men have been receiving letters from their constituents, hammering them unmercifully for their betrayal of the people in giving aid to the Quay machine and the Stone administration.

Speaker Farr, of the house, is the latest gold brick salesman. There is no doubt that he has sold the anti-Quay Republicans a large and shining gold brick. Farr was Senator Martin's choice for speaker as against the Quay selection. Martin had the assurance that Farr would take care of the anti-Quay interests in at least a measurable fashion. This implied that the Democrats would be looked after to some considerable extent. Instead of that, Farr has made his appointments and has not only given the Democrats a very cold deal, but he has also thrown down the anti-Quay Republicans and the Martin men. The insurgent Republicans are incensed against Farr. He has filled up the unimportant committees with anti-Quay Republicans and given the best that the house afforded to the Quay people. As for the Democrats, they have gotten the worst of it all the way through, and although they have protested it does no good.

MEMBERS MUST BE PAIRED.

Under the rules offered by Representative Dixon, of Elk, in the joint assembly, pairs are now being arranged for regularly. Hereafter no man need be recorded as absent and not voting on the senatorship without being paired. Every man who is absent without being paired places himself under suspicion, whether he be anti-Quay Republican or Democrat. The curious feature of a pair arranged by telegraph was that in the case of Brophy, Democrat, of Pittsburg, and Harrold, Republican, of Beaver. Constituents are watching the members of the legislature very closely, now, and the man who is absent must either be paired or else run the gauntlet of every adverse criticism and have the finger of suspicion pointed at him.

The coming week promises to be uneventful. The voting will likely go on the same as usual. Quay has not gotten within 12 votes of a majority. He will not be able to do any better than this during the coming week. His vote on Wednesday was 13 short of a majority, on Thursday 14, on Friday 13 and on Saturday 12. The coming week will doubtless see no change, but there will be doubtless a repetition of lying reports about the Democratic forces and their leaders.

CLEARING RAILWAY TRACK WEEDS.

A Car Equipped With Apparatus Which Fires Them With Blazing Kerosene.

The law in most States requires that railroad companies shall keep their right of way cleared of weeds and other growth which might prove harmful to agricultural interests by becoming propagating beds for noxious plants, and it is a common sight along the railroads of this part of the country to see gangs of men at work during the growing season cutting down the grass and weeds beside the railroad tracks, raking these up and destroying them.

On some of the Western railroads a method of recent device is in use which is much more economical for this purpose and thoroughly effective. Fire and machinery do the work which men are employed for elsewhere. A crude petroleum oil, which costs 1 3-8 cents a gallon, is the material used.

A box car is fitted up with a small mining engine, which drives it along by means of a sprocket chain running to one of the axles, which gives it all the speed that is needed. An upright boiler supplies the steam, and within the car, besides the boiler and engine, are tanks of oil. From the rear end of the car projects the burners, arranged in a series of eight, all under a metal shield to confine the heat. The shield is ten feet square, and on the Western roads is used only to destroy the growth of vegetation along the track and for a few feet on each side. A blast of air supplied by an air pump makes the flames from the burners long and intense.

The car moves along the track at the rate of about a mile an hour. The first time it goes over the weeds are killed, and the next time, after the weeds have had a few days to dry in, it sets fire to them and destroyes them completely with all their seeds. Insects or grubs, which the weeds harbor, are also destroyed by the flames. The cost of the oil for this work and the wages of the three men employed on the car is only about $1.08 a mile of single track.

Another petroleum oil is entering largely into the new field of usefulness on railroads as a means for permanently laying the annoying dust which the commotion of passing trains raises from every sort of railroad bed. The first experiment to use oil to hold down this dust was tried two years ago on the West Jersey Railroad in New Jersey. It proved so successful that a company was formed for extending the work, and during the past summer hundreds of miles of tracks on Long Island, in New Jersey and some of the Eastern States were so treated. The oil used is a cheap, heavy product distilled for the purpose, and it is sprinkled over the tracks and the roadbed on each side by a sprinkling car made for the purpose. It takes about 2,000 gallons of oil to the mile of track for the first sprinkling, and after that a slighter sprinkling once a year or so is said to be all that is necessary. The oil does not evaporate, and not only holds the dust down, but is said to help the life of the ties by making them waterproof.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23, 1899.

No man deserves any credit for doing the proper thing under compulsion, and there never was a clearer case of official action under compulsion than Mr. McKinley's order for the court-martial of Commissary General Eagan, for his filthy abuse to Gen. Miles. Mr. McKinley was disposed to allow Secretary Alger to try to hush it up in his own way, which would not have hushed it up at all, until he began to hear from influential men of his party, in Congress and all over the country. Therefore he deserves no credit for doing, when he found it absolutely necessary, what should have been done the day that Egan's filth was dumped upon the public. Although he has been turned down Alger has not resigned, and those who know him best do not believe that he will, unless forced by Mr. McKinley to do so. The court-martial is bound to find Eagan guilty, and the punishment is dismissal from the army. Whether Mr. McKinley will dare to modify that sentence is yet to be seen.

∴

Senator Gorman has taken charge of the Democratic opposition to the ratification of the treaty, unless it is so amended as to make it impossible for this country to permanently govern the Philippines. At a meeting presided over by Mr. Gorman all the Democratic Senators, except six were present, and decided to work together.

∴

Senator Bacon made a strong speech in favor of his resolution declaring the policy of this government to be against controling Filipinos by force. The keynote of his speech was the following: "Of all the great powers of the earth the U. S. is the only one that contends for the right in all people of self-government. When they abandon in practice this principle, when they impose their dominion on an unwilling people, in the majestic march of free institutions, the hand upon the great dial of the clock of the world will have been set back an hundred years."

∴

Senator Butler, of N. C., got the Schley-Sampson controversy before the Senate for a few minutes by offering a resolution when the nomination of those two officers to be rear Admirals were reached, in executive session, calling upon the President for his reasons for making the promotions. It was a very diplomatic discussion, especial care being taken by the friends of each of the officers to avoid offending those of the other. Action on the resolution was deferred on account of the absence of Senator Hale, who is chairman of the Naval Committee. The object of the resolution is to show that Sampson and Schley were both promoted for what was done by Schley, if Schley was not also moved up. According to all the official reports, Schley did nothing to be promoted for.

∴

Senator Sullivan's amendment to the Nicaragua Canal, limiting to $5,000,000 the amount to be paid to the Maritime Canal Company, as compensation for its concession or re-imbursement for its work, struck the Senate as being so sensible and timely it was adopted without a division, before the bill was passed.

∴

It is not difficult to point out defects in the Naval Bill passed by the House this week. Some of them notably the premium that will be offered for retirement on three-quarters pay of officers, were pointed out by Representative Bailey, but the order to jam the bill through was obeyed, as usual, by the majority. The best feature about the bill is that which put an end to the clashing between the two classes of Naval officers—the line, and the engineer officers—by putting them all in one class. The bill increases the pay of Naval officers, on the plea of equalizing them with army officers; it increases the Marine Corps by 1,300 men, adding $1,500,000 to the annual cost of its maintainance; it creates a Judge Advocate's Corps; it prohibits the payment of prize money, and it provides for the retirement of enlisted men and petty officers after thirty years service in the navy. Mr. Bailey charged the majority with the intention to follow the premium scheme for retirement of Naval officers with a similar one for army officers and he might also have said that the retirement of privates and non-commissioned officers of the army would be likely to follow, as a part of the grand scheme of imperalism that is being nursed by the Republicans.

∴

Czar Reed can plead precedent with the air of a man who really believes therein when it suits his purpose, just as he topples over a long line of precedents when they stand in the way of his accomplishing something he has set out to do. When the Illinois delegation asked him to make Representative Hopkins Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and consequently leader of the Republicans, he told them he felt bound and precedent to give the place to Payne, of N. Y., much as he admired Mr. Hopkins, etc. Reed's admiration for Hopkins is much that of his Satanic majesty for a certain kind of water. As the principle duty of the Republican Leader of the House is to carry out the orders of Czar Reed. Mr. Payne will fill the bill much better, from the Reed point of view, than a man who has occasional bursts of independence, such as Hopkins does.

Some Sanitary Facts.

Always remember that there are sanitary conditions to be looked after in returning to a house that has been closed for many months, or even weeks. If the water has been shut off, unless all connections with the sewer have been closed, the closet should be flushed for hours. Indeed, all the faucets should be turned on and left to run for four or five hours before any water is used for drinking or even cooking purposes. All the windows in the house should be opened and the sunshine allowed to enter from every possible point. Have a free circulation of air through the house for three or four days, even if it is still warm and summery and the sunlight raises the temperature. A simple disinfectant should be placed in the bathroom, and sulphur candles should be burned wherever there is a suggestion of "closeness." The cellar should be examined, and, if it is damp, the furnace should be lighted, if only for a day.—*From "Household Notes," in Demorest's Magazine for February.*

A LIVING WITNESS.

Mrs. Hoffman Describes How She Wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for Advice, and Is Now Well.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before using your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer. I have been sick for months, was troubled with severe pain in both sides of abdomen, sore feeling in lower part of bowels, also suffered with dizziness, headache, and could not sleep. I wrote you a letter describing my case and asking your advice. You replied telling me just what to do. I followed your directions, and cannot praise your medicine enough for what it has done for me. Many thanks to you for your advice. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me, and I will recommend it to my friends.—Mrs. FLORENCE R. HOFFMAN, 512 Roland St., Canton, O.

The condition described by Mrs. Hoffman will appeal to many women, yet lots of sick women struggle on with their daily tasks disregarding the urgent warnings until overtaken by actual collapse.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometimes past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

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Ely's Cream Balm contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly Absorbed.

Gives Relief at once.

It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation.

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full Size 50c.; Trial Size 10c. at Druggists or by mail.

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COLD IN HEAD

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WEST & TRAUX. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internaly, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per. bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

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WE TAN Cattle hides and all kinds of skins whole for ROBES & RUGS. Soft, light, moth-proof. Get our tan circular. We make frisian, coon and galloway fur coats and robes. If your dealer don't keep them get catalogue from us. We also do Taxidermy and Head Mounting.

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Is often a warning that the liver is torpid or inactive. More serious troubles may follow. For a prompt, efficient cure of Headache and all liver troubles, take

Hood's Pills

While they rouse the liver, restore full, regular action of the bowels, they do not gripe or pain, do not irritate or inflame the internal organs, but have a positive tonic effect. 25c. at all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5 Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

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BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

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STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 00	5 10
Cameron	6 38	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky	6 43	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 21	6 13
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	10 32	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 36	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 15	2 36	10 41	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	10 46	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38	.....	.....	7 0
Berwick	7 54	3 01	11 04	7 0
Beach Haven	7 23	3 07	....	7 1
Hick's Ferry	8 01	3 13	....	7 2
Shickshinny	8 14	3 24	11 30	7 3
Hunlock's	8 27	3 34	.....	7 4
Nanticoke	8 35	3 42	11 45	7 5
Avondale	8 40	3 46	.....	8 0
Plymouth	8 45	3 51	11 52	8 06
Plymouth Junction	8 50	3 55	.....	8 11
Kingston	8 57	4 02	12 10	8 18
Bennett	9 00	4 06	.....	8 21
Forty Fort	9 03	4 10	.....	8 24
Wyoming	9 08	4 16	12 08	8 28
West Pittston	9 12	4 21	.....	8 32
Susquehanna Ave	9 15	4 24	12 14	8 36
Pittston	9 19	4 29	12 17	8 40
Duryea	9 23	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 26	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	33	4 45	....	8 57
Bellevue	9 38	4 50	....	9 07
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 35	9 02
	A.M	P.M.	P.M.	P.M

STATIONS.	WEST. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON	6 00	10 05	1 55	5 40
Bellevue	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 15	2 03	5 50
Lackawanna	6 18	10 23	2 10	5 58
Duryea	6 22	10 26	2 13	6 02
Pittston	6 28	10 41	2 17	6 06
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 35	2 20	6 10
West Pittston	6 36	10 39	2 24	6 14
Wyoming	6 41	10 44	2 29	6 19
Forty Fort	6 46	.....	..	.....
Bennett	6 50	10 52	2 36	6 30
Kingston	6 56	10 56	2 42	6 36
Plymouth Junction	7 00	....	2 47	.....
Plymouth	7 04	11 05	2 22	6 43
Avondale	7 09		2 57	6 47
Nanticoke	7 14	11 13	3 02	6 10
Hunlock's	7 20	11 19	3 10	6 58
Shickshinny	7 31	11 30	3 24	7 10
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 43	3 35	7 25
Beach Haven	7 53	11 48	3 42	7 32
Berwick	8 00	11 54	2 49	7 38
Briarcreek	8 06	....	3 55	.....
Willow Grove	8 10	12 04	3 59	7 49
Lime Ridge	8 14	12 09	4 04	7 53
Espy	8 21	12 15	4 11	8 00
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 22	4 17	8 07
Rupert	8 34	12 27	4 23	8 13
Catawissa	8 40	12 32	4 28	8 18
Danville	8 55	12 47	4 42	8 34
Chulasky	....	....	4 49	....
Cameron	9 05	12 57	4 54	8 4
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 20	1 10	5 08	9 0
	A.M.	P.M	P.M.	P.M

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

SOUTH. ARRIVE				B. & S. R. R. STATIONS.	NORTH LEAVE			
a m	a. m.	p m	p.m.		a m	p m	p m	a m
7.10	11.45	6.30	2.15	Bloomsb'g.	8.34	2 40	6 45	10
7.08	11.40	6.26	2 0	" P. & E.	8.36	2.42	6.47	
7.03	11.37	6.24	2.08	" Main st.	8.39	2.45	6.50	
6.53	11.27	6.12	1 50	Paper Mill.	8 48	2.54	7.01	6.37
6.50	11.23	6.09	1.45	Light St.	8.52	2.59	7.05	6.50
6.40	11.13	5.59	1.30	Orangeville.	9.02	3.10	7.14	7.10
6.29	11.04	5.48	1.00	Forks	9.10	3.20	7.24	7.35
6.25	11.00	5.44	12.55	Zaner's	9.14	3.24	7.28	7.45
6.18	10.55	5.37	12.45	Stillwater	9.20	3.30	7.33	8.00
6.08	10.45	5.27	12.3	Benton	9.30	3.40	7.43	8.20
6.04	10.40	5.22	12.10	Edson's	9.34	3.44	7.47	8.40
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.05	Cole's Cr'k.	9.37	3.47	7.51	8.46
5.53	10.32	5.13	11.53	Laubach	9.47	3.57	8.01	9.00
5.48	10.23	5.03	11.45	Central	9.57	4.07	8.11	9.25
5.40	10.30	5.00	11.30	Jam. City	10.00	4.10	8.15	9.35
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE					ARRIVE			

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 20, '98

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton(D & H) lv	† 6 45	† 9 30	† 2 18	† 4 27
Pittston " "	7 08	10 0	2 40	4 52
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre lv	† 7 30	†10 15	† 3 12	† 6 00
Plym'th Ferry "	† 7 38	10 20	† 3 2	† 6 08
Nanticoke "	7 46	10 27	3 10	6 17
Mocanaqua "	8 04	10 45	3 50	6 37
Wapwallopen "	8 13	10 55	3 58	6 47
Nescopeck ar	8 20	11 10	4 10	7 00
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pottsville lv	† 6 00	†	†12 35	†
Hazleton "	7 18	11 35	2 00	5 50
Tomhicken "	7 25	11 45	2 10	6 1'
Fern Glen "	7 34	11 54	2 28	6 1
Rock Glen "	7 43	11 40	2 32	6 2
Nescopeck ar	8 07	.....	3 00	6 5
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck lv	† 8 24	†11 10	† 4 10	† 7 08
Creasy "	8 33	Via	4 18	7 16
Espy Ferry "	† 8 43	Rock	† 4 25	7 18
E. Bloomsburg "	8 47	Glen	4 30	7 23
		P. M.		
Catawissa ar	8 55	12 20	4 36	7 30
Catawissa lv	8 55	1 20	4 46	7 39
S. Danville "	9 14	12 38	4 55	7 47
Sunbury "	9 35	1 00	5 17	8 10
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury lv	† 9 45	† 1 10	† 5 45	† 9 25
Lewisburg ar	10 15	1 45	6 18	.....
Milton "	10 10	1 39	6 14	9 50
Williamsport "	11 00	2 30	7 10	10 40
Lock Haven "	11 59	3 40	8 07	.....
Renovo "	A. M.	4 40	9 00	.....
Kane "	.....	9 05	.....	.....
	P. M.	P. M.		
Lock Haven lv	†12 10	†3 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte ar	1 05	4 44	.....	.....
Tyrone "	2 15	6 10	.....	.....
Philipsburg "	4 23	8 26	.....	.....
Clearfield "	5 07	9 09	.....	.....
Pittsburg "	6 55	11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury lv	† 9 50	† 1 55	† 5 25	† 8 31
Harrisburg ar	†11 30	† 3 20	6 55	†10 10
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Philadelphia ar	† 3 00	† 6 13	†10 2	† 4 30
Baltimore "	3 17	† 6 00	† 9 45	6 35
Washington "	4 10	† 7 15	†10 55	7 45
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury lv	†10 05	† 2 45	.....	.....
	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	12 05	† 4 23	.....	.....
Pittsburg "	† 6 55	†11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg lv	†11 45	3 50	† 7 30	†10 20
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg ar	† 6 55	11 30	† 2 00	† 5 30

† Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station

	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg lv	† 7 05	† 8 20	† 2 50	† 8 00
Harrisburg ar	† 2 00	† 3 4	† 9 10	† 3 10
		A. M.		A. M.
Pittsburg lv	.....	.....	.....	† 8 00
				P. M.
Lewistown Jc. "	.....	† 7 30	.....	† 3 05
Sunbury ar	.....	† 9 18	.....	† 5 00
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Washington lv	†10 40	....	† 7 50	†10 50
Baltimore "	†11 55	† 4 25	† 8 55	† 2 00
Philadelphia "	†11 20	† 4 30	† 8 30	†12 28
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg lv	† 3 35	† 8 05	†11 40	† 4 00
Sunbury ar	† 5 05	† 9 40	† 1 10	† 5 40
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg lv	†12 45	.....	† 2 50	† 8 00
Clearfield "	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Philipsburg "	4 56	.....	.....	10 12
Tyrone "	7 15	.....	† 8 10	12 30
Bellefonte "	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
Lock Haven ar	9 30	.....	10 30	2 45
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Erie lv	† 4 30	.....	.....	.....
Kane "	7 55	.....	† 6 25	.....
Renovo "	11 16	† 6 40	10 30	.....
Lock Haven "	11 58	† 7 33	11 25	† 3 00
	A. M.	P. M.		
Williamsport "	12 55	† 8 30	†12 30	4 00
Milton "	1 50	9 19	1 27	4 52
Lewisburg "	.....	9 06	1 15	4 47
Sunbury ar	2 21	9 45	1 55	5 20
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury lv	16 10	† 9 55	† 2 00	† 5 43
S. Danville "	6 33	10 17	2 21	6 07
Catawissa "	6 54	10 35	2 37	6 24
E. Bloomsburg "	Via	10 43	2 43	6 32
Espy Ferry "	Rock	†10 47	2 47	† 6 36
Creasy "	Glen.	10 56	2 55	6 46
Nescopeck ar	8 07	11 10	3 10	6 58
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck lv	.....	†11 10	14 15	† 7 02
Rock Glen ar	† 7 26	11 35	4 40	7 31
Fern Glen "	7 47	11 43	4 46	7 35
Tomhicken "	7 58	11 54	4 55	7 44
		P. M.		
Hazleton "	8 22	12 18	5 15	8 05
Pottsville "	11 30	2 08	6 25	.....
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck lv	† 8 07	† 11 10	† 3 10	† 6 59
Wapwallopen ar	8 18	11 22	3 19	7 09
Mocanaqua "	8 28	11 32	3 30	7 21
Nanticoke "	8 48	11 54	3 50	7 42
		P. M.		
Plym'th Ferry "	† 8 56	12 02	4 00	7 52
Wilkesbarre "	9 05	12 10	4 10	8 00
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittston(D & H) ar	† 9 39	†12 49	† 4 52	† 8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 18	5 20	9 05

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Philadelphia & Reading Railway.

Engines Burn Hard Coal—No Smoke.

In effect July 1, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.30 a. m., 3.40 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.30 a. m. 3.40.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.30, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.30, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5,00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9.10 a. m. 1.30 3.40, 6.08

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.08, 9.18 11.4 a. m., 1.28 3.50, 6.20.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

In effect Oct. 4, 1898.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00 a. m., 2.00 4.00, 5.00 p.m. Accom., 8.00 a. m., 6.30 p. m. SUNDAYS—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accom., 8.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave Atlantic City, dep

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING

Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1899.

Justice Henry W. Williams, of the State Supreme Court, died Tuesday morning at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, suddenly, from heart disease. As Chief Justice Sterrett's term expires this year, there will be two Justices to elect next Fall, and one of them must be elected by a minority party, under the Constitution.

The Senatorial situation remains unchanged. The vote on Tuesday showed Quay 14 votes short, and he will never get them. The Democrats are standing together as one man for Jenks, and the antiQuayites are also thoroughly united. When these two elements unite they can elect a Senator. Why not do it, and quit fooling?

Judge Little is not disappointing the expectations of his friends, nor giving those who were opposed to him opportunity for criticism, by the manner in which he presides in Court. He listens with patience, presides with dignity, and decides promptly and fearlessly, so far as there has been occasion, and the License Court is probably the most trying occasion for a new Judge, as it always is for an older one.

A NEW GENERATION.

Hence a new world. "Old things are passed away, behold all things are become new." Within the recollection of every individual, at the age of sixty, way back in his youth; the class of people who were then moving up and down the thoroughfares of every department of business life, in each and every community, throughout the length and breadth of the inhabitable globe, scarcely any person can recall a single individual, as a relic of the by-gone generation. All have passed away, and another generation at the brink of departure, ready to step down and out of life's arena; while a young and vigorous generation is just assuming the affairs of the world, endeavoring to solve the problem of the final destiny of mankind in regard to the enslavement, or, ultimate liberty for the world's future inhabitants. Can we believe that the generation in the immediate footsteps of the preceding generation they are now crowding out of the world's activities, will make the progress in every direction, that their fathers have made? It does seem not possible within the scope of imaginary vision that bounds the horizon of the human intellect. And to doubt such an ability, or possibility, would challenge the weakness, inferiority and incompetency of a stronger and more vigorous generation, who have had superior advantages in every way than their fathers have had. Will they do what we, of our generation did, tear down what their fathers built up, and build up anew? Will they so change the topography of the community that a "Rip Vanwinkle would not know it after a twenty year's sleep?" Will they so improve general and local governments as to more and more ameliorate the condition of the masses, and poorer classes? Will they add to the increasing power of machine labor by new inventions? Will they increase the convenience of the masses by securing for them free mail delivery, and in ten thousand other ways help mankind generally in ways and manner not now thought of, or even dreamed of? While all this is possible, we stand in awe of the fearful responsibilities that lie at the threshold of the new generation just entering upon the duties of their coming day. It seems as profitable betimes to take a backward glance as to take a future look. I feel sad as I look over the community of my nativity, and find not a person contemporary with my grandfather, and but very few of the age of my father. And in no community can any be found of my grandfather's age, who are now living; and but few of my father's age. The place, or country of their activity, then a wilderness, inhabited mostly by squatters and hut builders, has so changed, that those people, then living, could not now know the place, were they permitted. There are but few homes, and not one original homestead, which are not already in the ownership of the second and third generations. The Fishingcreek country, which once contained its Jones', Parks', Buckalew's, Markle's, Laudenbach's, Buss', Dodder's Yaple's, Pealer's, Allegar's, Hess', Weaver's Beishline's, Wenner's, Kindig's, Hartman's, Belles', Marks', Emery's, Bowman's, Creveling's, Eveland's, Hendershott's and many, many others, is now inhabited by a class of people who never knew those old people, long since gathered to their fathers. There is no community in the wide expanse of the habitable globe, where the same reminiscences are not cast in every reflective mind, of every person who is on the outer edge of his generation. There is in this world plenty of food for reflection.

JOHN C. WENNER.

Notes from the Penn'a. Experiment Station.

Experiments in Butter Making.

The discovery of the important part played by various bacteria in producing the flavor and aroma of butter has led to the introduction of what are known as commercial butter cultures, and dairymen have been led to hope that by the use of such cultures and of the process of pasturizing, the quality of their butter might be materially improved. Recent trials at the Pennsylvania Experiment Station, however, reported in Bulletins No. 45 and No. 46, now in press, seem to indicate that cleanliness, the careful selection of milk, and close attention to details promise to effect more in improving the flavor of our butter than pasteurizing and the use of commercial cultures. With pasteurized cream, the acid-forming cultures were found to give slightly but distinctly better results than were obtained from unpasteurized cream ripened spontaneously, while non-acid-forming cultures give results, if anything slightly inferior to those obtained by spontaneous ripening. With unpasteurized cream, as might have been expected, the results were less marked. A home-made "starter" however carefully prepared from skim-milk, was found to give as good, if not better, results than the more expensive commercial cultures and this was true both with pasteurized and with raw cream. No distinctly beneficial results were observed from pasteurizing, although the experiments were not specially planned to test this point.

These results are similar to those recently published by the Wisconsin Experiment Station and the two taken together do not seem to indicate that, under present conditions, marked advantages are to be anticipated from the use of the commercial cultures.

Trials were also made of heating milk to a temperature of about 165 degrees F. before separating, but without any marked effect on the flavoring of the resulting butter.

The Annual Reports and Quarterly Bulletins of the station will be sent free of charge, on application, as long as the supply lasts, and inquiries on agricultural subjects answered as far as possible. Address,

H. P. ARMSBY, Director,
State College, Centre Co., Pa.

Destructive Fire at Wilkesbarre.

What was by far the biggest fire that Wilkesbarre has had in many years broke out early Tuesday morning in the Osterhout Building, corner of East Market Street and Public Square, and before it could be extinguished the large, four story structure and its contents were totally destroyed. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

It was half past four when the alarm was sounded, and by the time the fire companies reached the scene, the entire front part of the building was enveloped in flames. In the great hurry to awake and rescue the sleeping tenants, doors were pushed in and windows broken, and it was only by dint of hard work that the inmates escaped with their lives. No one had any time to dress, and women and children rushed out in their night clothing.

A set of rooms on the second floor were occupied by Dr. C. B. Frantz, a son-in-law of Dr. J. C. Rutter of this town. Until he became a member of the firm of Alexander Bros. & Co., which was quite recently, Alexander Swartz, also occupied rooms in the buildings.

She Was Disappointed.

A young married woman who lives not a thousand miles away, says the Renovo *News*, recently went into a hardware store and inquired in a very modest unsuspecting manner of the accomodating clerk, if they had any jack pots. The thunder struck young man promptly replied that they had coffee pots, tea pots, etc., but to his certain knowledge there wasn't a jack-pot in the house. As she turned to go away with a downcast look, she remarked to the clerk, who escorted her to the door, that she was so much in hope they kept them because her husband kept talking about jack-pots, and if she could purchase one for Christmas she knew it would tickle him to death.

"I knew your man wouldn't be elected after the public found out that he voted the Prohibition ticket one year."

"Well, but I proved that he was drunk when he did it."

WIT AND HUMOR.

It develops that Admiral Dewey is an enthusiastic butterfly collector. That makes no difference. Dewey can even play golf if he wants to. His reputation is secure.—Kansas City Times.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—A Western paper tells us about a tornado that struck a train, and the only man in it who wasn't hurt was the baggage man.

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Perhaps he succeeded in checking it.

"How do you expect to vote?" inquired the stranger in North Carolina.

"Well," was the answer, "we'll decide that when we give the ammunition out. We haven't made up our minds yet whether we'll vote by squads or platoons."—Washington Star.

In Pere la Chaise, Paris, there is a tombstone bearing at the top the inscription "Adele Ronald, 1830. I await you." Underneath is "Louis Ronald, 1881. Here am I." Some youngster has scribbled at the bottom the pithy criticism. "He took his time."—Tid-Bits.

"Dinnis Halligan, you are charged with beating your wife. What have you to say for yourself?"

"Av yer Honor plaze, oi don't t'ink oi bate her at all, at all."

"Don't think you beat her?"

"No, sor; ef oi'd be'n riffereein' the schrap mesilf oi'd called it a draw."

Originated by a Pennsylvanian.

"In God We Trust" first appeared on the copper two-cent, issue of 1864, and is the first use of the word God in any government act. This sentence was introduced by James Pollock, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania and director of the mint, with approval of S. P. Chase, then Secretary of the Treasury.

Catarrh Cured

Fullness in the Head and Ringing in the Ears

Better in Every Way Since Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"For several years I had no cessation of the suffering caused by catarrh. I had a sense of fullness in the head and ringing in my ears. One of my nostrils was tightly closed so I could not breathe through it, and I could not clear my head. I tried several catarrh cures, but failed to get relief. Seeing accounts of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla I determined to give it a fair trial. After taking a few bottles I was satisfied it had effected a cure, for the catarrh no longer troubled me a particle and I felt better in every way than for years. I am now able to do a hard day's work on the farm." ALFRED E. YINST, Hoernerstown, Pennsylvania.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

POLITICAL CARDS.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WILLIAM H. HENRIE,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
W. H. FISHER,
from the South Side.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN N. GORDON,
of Montour.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
A. N. YOST,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. C. RUTTER, JR.,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
DR. T. C. HARTER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
W. F. STOHNER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
C. A. SMALL,
of Catawissa.

☞ The above announcements are all subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention, to be held Tuesday, June 13th, 1899. Primary election, Saturday, June 10, 3 to 7 p. m.

Star Clothing House

During the Month of January, will offer

Special Reductions in All Winter Goods

Must be sold to make room for Spring Goods.

WE WILL OFFER BIG BARGAINS IN

STORM COATS AND ULSTERS,

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Come and see the

Big Bargains in Winter Caps

At Townsend's Star Clothing House.

OUR SECOND OFFER

To Lower our Stock During January.

SALE OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

That the women of this town appreciate worthy fabrics, generous sizes, conscientious needlework and elegant trimmings, allied to ecomonical prices, is proven by the unprecedented patronage the year's sale of muslin underwear has commanded. And notwithstanding the great selling of the past two weeks, assortments of it are intact.

Drawers worth 65c. and 75c., we will sell until Feb, 1, at 49c.
Night robes worth $1.10, $1.25, $1.35, go for 87c.

DRESS GOODS.

We put on sale to-day a lot of Black Serges, worth 50c., 43 in. wide, that we will sell at 39c. We have picked out another lot of dress goods that we have sold for 50c. and 56c. the yd., possibly better value than the first lot, that we will sell at 28c.

Another lot worth 60 to 65c., we will sell at 44c.
A lot of all wool cloths, 34 in. wide, at 19c., worth 28c.

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES

As cheap, and some at less price than you can buy the muslin. Ready to go on the bed, 81 x 90, good muslin, nicely hemmed, 43c. each. 90 x 90 made of same muslin at 49c. Sheets made of Utica muslin, 81 x 90, best we can buy at 49c. each. 90 x 90 Utica sheets, hemmed as nice as you would do it yourself, 59c. each. Hemstitched made of Utica sheeting, 81 x 90 at 65c. 90 x 90 hemstitched at 75c. Hemstitched pillow cases, 42x36 at 10c. 45x36 at 12½c each. Goods worth 15 and 20c.

WE WILL CONTINUE THE SALE OF MUSLIN UNTIL FEB. 1, '99.

10 yds. of fine unbleached muslin, 34c. 10 yds. the best fine unbleached muslin at 49c. 10 yds. of heavy unbleached muslin, as good as Appleton A. at 49c. 10 yds. Hill muslin at 49c. Best 9-4 unbleached sheeting at 15c. the yd.

25 ladies' coats that cost us from $8.00 to $10.00, we will sell for $3.49. We have gone through our coat stock. We have not counted cost, but what price will close them out. They must be sold.

We are making special offers in our bed room furniture until Feb. 1. If you look at our stock and get our prices, we are sure of making the sale.

Our offer on shoes will last until Feb. 1.

We will sell one of the best blended flours at $3.60 the barrel, or 90c. for 50 lbs. until Feb. 1. Every sack guaranteed. If it is not good we will take it back.

7 papers of pure corn starch for 25c.
3 lbs. of best prunes for 25c.
2 cans of the best tomatoes that are canned for 25c.

F. P. PURSEL.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1899.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

A Free Book.

Every subscriber who pays all arrearages, and one year in advance, will be presented with the Thrice-a-week *World* for 3 months, or a *World Almanac* for 1899. The Almanac contains a marvellous compendium of useful facts, and a complete history of the Spanish-American war, and a battle calendar.

Our Premium Offers.

There seems to be some misunderstanding about our offer to give away certain things to subscribers, and we therefore repeat: Any subscriber, no matter whether paid in advance or not can have a *Calendar* for 1899, by calling at this office, or by sending us a two cent stamp.

The *World Almanac*, or the *Thrice-a-week World* for three months, not both, but one or the other, is given to every subscriber who pays all arrearages, *and a full year in advance.* This will be strictly adhered to, and we must ask our patrons not to ask for anything more, as we shall be compelled to refuse. These books and papers cost money, and the object is to induce advance payments. Our regular terms are cash in advance, and there is no reason why we should present a premium to those who do not comply with these terms. So please remember, a calendar to every subscriber who calls for it; the Almanac, or the World for 3 months, to all who pay a full year in advance.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs O. B. Mellick went to Philadelphia last week.

Mrs. H. A. McKillip has been visiting friends at Bethlehem.

J. R. Schuyler took a few days off with the grip, but is out again.

James Rush spent Sunday with relatives and friends at Jersey Shore.

Superintendent Miller visited the schools in Sugarloaf township yesterday.

William Dennis, the colored barber, is lying very poorly at his home on East street.

Prof. A. K. Aldinger left on Saturday to resume his studies at the University of Vermont.

Willard E. Geddis of Williamsport, with his little daughter Miss Laura, have been the guests of relatives in town the past week.

Chas. W. Miller, Jr., and R. F. Sharpless, will start for Florida on Saturday, to remain for a few months on Mr. Turner's orange plantation.

J. G. McHenry, the popular Stillwater merchant transacted business in town Tuesday. He reports things quiet up the creek at present.

C. R. Smith and family returned to their home at Olean, N. Y., on Friday, after an extended and very pleasant sojourn with his father, Rev. J. D. Smith, on First street.

Mrs. J. S. Woods visited Mrs. William Fisher at Orangeville, on Friday. Mrs. Fisher has been in very poor health for some time past, her condition at intervals being very critical.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Supper in the Parish House tonight, from 5 to 9. 15 cents.

The Heptasophs held a banquet at the Exchange Hotel on Tuesday evening.

"O'Hooligan's Wedding," will make you laugh at the Opera House Monday night.

Joshua Fetterman celebrated his eighty-fourth birth day at his comfortable home on Main street, Friday.

LA GRIPPE!
Cured in 24 Hours,
—BY THE USE OF OUR—
LA ✻ GRIPPE ✻ PILLS
—o—
25 CENTS.
—o—
One box will cure a cold, or money refunded. An
INSTANT RELIEF FOR
Neuralgia and Rheumatism.
—o—
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
W. S. Rishton, Ph. G.,
Opposite P. O Pharmacist
Telephone No. 10734.

The quantity of daylight is slowly increasing. With the end of January the days will have lengthened 59 minutes.

The best way to avoid sickness is to keep yourself healthy by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

Three hundred employees of the Susquehanna Silk Mills at Sunbury went out on a strike for an increase of salary yesterday.

Edward Walsh, alias Wilson, who has been locked up awaiting trial, mysteriously escaped from the Danville jail Tuesday night.

Judging from the amount of ice harvested this winter, there should be no ice famine the coming Summer, in Bloomsburg at least.

Don't forget the Lotus Glee Club, at the Normal Auditorium, Friday evening. A first-class musical entertainment is guaranteed.

From all the reports the peach crop of 1899 will be a complete failure. The sudden drops in the temperature the forepart of this month froze the buds.

Mrs. Morris Shipley on Friday received the sad intelligence of the death of her father-in-law, at Cincinnati. The telegram said he had passed away that morning.

The Lotus Glee Club and Miss Edith Norton will combine to give a most refined and highly enjoyable entertainment in Normal Auditorium on next Friday evening, January 27.

The remains of James C. Reeder, who died at his home in New Jersey, arrived at Catawissa on Monday and were interred in the cemetery at that place. The deceased resided in Catawissa for many years before he moved to Jersey.

Lincoln Post, Grand Army of the Republic, Shamokin, has appointed a committee to ascertain from Secretary of the Interior Bliss by what authority the directors of the Erie Home for Soldiers keep 80 per cent. of the pension money of inmates.

The entertainment to be given in the Opera House tonight by the members of the Lutheran church, is highly praised where it has been given in other places, and is said to be very amusing. It is called "Ye Deestrick Skewl."

Our members of the legislature are on the following committees: Creasy, on Agriculture, Appropriations, Public Health, Sanitation, and Ways and Means. Chrisman, on Geological Survey, Insurance, Judiciary General, and Public Buildings.

The recent improvements have added wonderfully to the appearance and convenience of A. O. Stonge's Grovania Hotel. A more cheerful and pleasant place to stop cannot be found. Everything is kept in fine order, and the treatment you receive is first class.

A car load of fine drivers and general purpose horses will be sold at public auction at the Exchange Stables, Bloomsburg, on Friday, January 27, at one o'clock p. m. sharp. These horses have been selected with care and will be sold regardless of price.

G. H. WELLIVER.

W. O. Holmes and Mrs. M. E. Hulfish were married at Philadelphia Tuesday evening. Mrs. Gehrad Snyder and Mrs. G. W. Enterline attended the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Holmes will take up their residence in one of the brick dwellings in the rear of the Leader store, on Fourth street.

Private funeral services of the late Dr. William Graydon, were conducted at the home of his son Dr. Andrew Graydon, on Market street by Rev. B. C. Conner of the Methodist church, Thursday morning last. The body was taken to Lancaster and cremated. Interment of the ashes took place at Harrisburg on Friday.

This is the way in which the Centralia (Kan.) *Journal* editor answers a question propounded by a stock raiser: "A rural subscriber asks: 'Do hogs pay?' We know that a good many don't. They take the paper several years and have the postmaster send it back, marked 'refused.' Such a breed is usually two-legged and unprofitable."

A grip cocktail, says the Hazleton *Sentinel* is the latest thing out in the way of mixed drinks. It contains a solution of quinine.

The ground hog will venture out on February 2nd. He is a first-class prognosticator. We will wait and see what his actions are on that day.

There is still no news concerning Frank Woods, the Danville shoe merchant, who suddenly disappeared while walking across the river at that place a few weeks ago.

W. H. Henrie, announces himself as a candidate for Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts, in this issue. He is a competent and obliging official, and as he is asking a second term, he is not likely to have any opposition.

It is rumored that Lafayette Keeler, of Benton, will be a candidate for County Commissioner. Mr. Keeler is one of the representative men of the party in the upper end of the county, and his candidacy, should he decide to run, will, no doubt, find many friends.

Dr. Champlin finds it necessary to extend his office hours, and will hereafter be at his office Saturday and Monday afternoons from 1:30 to 5 o'clock. Other days at 1:30 p. m., by special appointment, for consultation requiring unusual time, surgical cases and testing eyes.

At the Knights of the Golden Eagle smoker, to be held in their hall, for their members and friends, on Monday night, January 30th, there will be progressive euchre. All members are requested to come out and bring friends. Game commences at 8:30, lunch at 10 o'clock.

Death, on Friday night, removed another of Columbia County's well known and respected residents, in the person of Cyrus Heller, of Madison township. He had been poorly for a long while. Inaction of the heart caused his death. Funeral and interment took place Tuesday.

Harry Bittenbender, cousin of Mrs. John L. Richardson of this town, aged about twenty-three, died of typhoid fever at his home in Constantine, Michigan, on Friday last. He was well and favorably known here and frequently visited in town. He made his last visit about one year ago.

Emily, the little daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Meredith, of Danville, died at Jacksonville, Florida, last Sunday morning. It occurred while the family was on a pleasure trip. Mrs. F. C. Eyer, mother of Mrs. Meredith, was one of the party. The remains were brought to Danville on Monday.

The home of Miss Pauline Smith on East Third street, was filled with a party of her young friends on Thursday evening last, the event being a surprise. With games of many kinds and music, both vocal and instrumental a very pleasant evening was spent. The refreshments served were both toothsome and bountiful.

The United States printed 2,500,000,000 2-cent postage stamps in 1898, and the good Pennsylvania town of Lockhaven furnished the paper for them. Some one who likes the making of calculations has determined that if these 2-cent stamps were placed end to end they would reach over a distance of 40,000 miles.

Rev. A. J. McCann, of St. Columbia's Catholic Church this town, on Sunday went to Berwick and conducted the funeral services of Mrs. Annie B. Meredith, who died at her home in that place Friday afternoon. Interment was made in the Berwick cemetery. Mrs. Meredith is survived by a husband and eight children. She was in the sixty-fourth year of her age.

Mrs. Henry Lehman, of Espy, prepared a supper on last Friday evening in honor of her aunt's birthday, Mrs. Levi Kinley. Revs. Mumey, Minemire and Flanegan, pastors of Espy churches, and their wives, were invited to enjoy the occasion with the family. Mr. Levi Kinley, who, through illness, has been long confined to the house, greatly enjoyed the Christian fellowship of his brethren.

A special and quite lengthy meeting of the Bloomsburg School Board was held in the High School building, Thursday night. Several matters of importance were considered, chief among which was the unpaid taxes on the duplicates of 1896. J. K. Bittenbender, the former collector, attended the meeting and showed his list of those who had failed to pay up. The number is entirely too large, and unless payments are forthcoming, severe steps will be taken to force settlement.

St. Valentine's day is rapidly approaching, and human beings, pictured in every shape and form, will soon grace the windows of our stationery stores.

A special from Shamokin, to yesterday's *Inquirer*, says that a meeting of the stockholders of the Montour and Columbia Telephone Co. was held on Tuesday to lay plans for connecting Shamokin, Sunbury, Northumberland and Catawissa. Those present at the meeting were Judge Savidge, Major Clement, C. P. Hancock, Frank C. Angle, Esq., and Edward O'Conner. It was decided to build the line at once.

It will be well for all persons having properties to rent to remember that all leases of property must have a United States government revenue stamp attached. Those for one year must have a 25-cent stamp, for two or three years, a 50-cent stamp, and for over three years, a stamp costing $1. If no stamp lease is used, then each receipt for rent must bear a stamp. This is imperative. Failure to comply with the law invites heavy penalties.

We received a letter last week from J. Howard Kline, located at Weston, Wood County, Ohio. He says there has been considerable excitement there lately, occasioned by the discovery of oil. He is himself engaged in drilling a well on his farm, but he says the work is going rather slow, owing to the inability of the drillers to case the water off. A. M. White, another former Columbia Countian, owns a large farm at Weston, and a well was drilled last week just across the road from his property, and oil extracted in paying quantities. We hope Mr. Kline's experiments will be successful.

Hoarded Wealth Found

A find of gold was made Friday at the home of Elijah Buckwalter, in Wallace township, Chester county. Holland Buckwalter recently died and an examination of his papers revealed a paper which told a strange story. It gave directions to the finders to proceed to a room occupied by William Moser, where a certain board was to be removed and there would be found a lot of wealth.

The directions were followed, and when the board was lifted a glittering mass of hoarded wealth presented itself. Most of it was in gold, the remainder paper money, and it aggregated $8,600.

Tested and Tried For 25 Years

Would you feel perfectly safe to put all your money in a new bank? One you have just heard of?

But how about an old bank? One that has done business for over a quarter of a century? One that has always kept its promises? One that never failed; never misled you in any way?

You could trust such a bank, couldn't you?

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES is just like such a bank. It has never disappointed you, never will. It has never deceived you, never will.

Look out that someone does not try to make you invest your health in a new tonic, some new medicine you know nothing of.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Time is Up!

Begin the NEW YEAR by turning over a new leaf and providing yourself with a

NEW WATCH.

We have a magnificent assortment — all sizes and styles—including the new 12-size watch. Just as the hour glass and sun dial were made to take a back seat by the first watch, so also the heavy, bulky, old-fashion watches have to yield to the neater, smaller, and more reliable watch. Call and

Look at Our Stock

It is a pleasure to show these goods.

J. E. ROYS,
Jeweler.

CLARK & SON'S
January Sale.
LAST WEEK.

CLARK & SON
Offer this week a lot of Ladies' Fine Italian Metalic Petticoats at $2.50, ruffled and corded.
Black Satin Lined Skirts at $1.15
Knitted Underskirts at .23
Jaeger Knit Skirts at .75

CLARK & SON
Offer Big Bargains in Ladies'

Coats and Capes.

Plush Capes at	$10,	worth	$15
Plush Capes at	8	"	12
Kersey Coats at	7	"	11
Kersey Coats at	3 50	"	6
Boucle Coats at	2	"	5
Cloth Capes at	1 65	"	3
Cloth Capes at	5	"	8

CLARK & SON
Offer this week special values in Ladies'

Muslin Underwear.

Night Dresses at 75c,	worth	$1
Night Dresses at 65c,	"	85c
Drawers at 19c,	"	25c
White Skirts at 75c,	"	$1

CLARK & SON
Are showing complete lines of *Black Dress Goods,* at less prices than usual.
50 in. all wool Pacquin Serges $1.00 yard.
42 in. Figured Mohairs, 37½c yard.
50 in all wool Serge, 50c yard.
60 in. all wool French Serge, $1.25 yard.

CLARK & SON
Offer full lines of *Kid Gloves* at 85c, 90c, $1.00 and $1.15 pair.

CLARK & SON
Are showing the best values in *Dress Goods.*
This is your opportunity. Don't miss them.
1 lot assorted kinds at 12½c yd
1 lot 36 in. all wool, at 35c yd
1 lot 45 in. all wool Henrietta, at 59c yard (Worth to-day 75c).

CLARK & SON
Are showing the most complete lines of all kinds of *Dress Linings and Trimmings.*
Satin Braids and Folds, Black and Colors, Silk Cloth for Skirt Linings, Percasilk, Fancy Linings, Canoas, Buttons, Braids, Bindings of all kinds, Brush, Telegram, Mohair Velveteens, Corduroy, Cord Edge Velvets and Braids.

CLARK & SON
Will place on sale a lot of *Sheets, Pillow and Bolster Cases,* Made from the best sheetings, such as Utica, Pepperal and Lockwood Muslins, at less prices than now prevailing. Come and see the goods, and see if you can make them for what we sell them for. All goods torn and trimmed (not cut.)

CLARK & SON
Offer for sale a good-size IRON SAFE, for want of use, at a bargain. Call and see it—in good condition.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

If Our Coats and Capes Could Talk, They Would Invite You to Take Them In as One of the Family.

New lot of Capes opened on Monday morning, at sacrifice prices.

The Coats are cut down in price, many of them below cost. See if we can fit you.

The word has gone out among the ladies that we have the largest and best line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear they have ever seen in the County, and the prices we are selling them at will stand for this month. The line includes Night Dresses, Skirts, Chemise, Drawers and Corset Covers, with a full assortment for misses and children. See our two windows with their snowey whiteness.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

SPECIAL SALE!

Now is the time to get bargains. During the next 30 days we will give you many goods at and below cost. Wool Dress Goods that was 25c, now 15c. Dress Goods, from 50c. to 30. Do not miss these special sales. We have just received new supply of pretty Coats, Capes and Fur Collarettes for ladies. Fur sets for children.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, from $5.00 up.

Ladies' Coats, Capes, Separate Skirts. Coats for misses and children. In this line our stock is large. Prices low.

Ladies' Fur Collarettes, from $2.00 up.

Our sales in Shoes increases daily. Ladies' Fine Shoes, from 79c. up. Gents' Fine Shoes, from 98c. up. Good Calicoes, 3c. Good Muslin, 3½c. Our stock of Underwear is complete. We handle the celebrated Leather brand Stockings for ladies, misses and boys. Corsets, for 24c. up.

Our Grocery Department is improving daily—adding new goods at better prices. Our whole stock is complete and prices always right. It will pay you to see our goods before you buy.

Bloomsburg Store Co., Limited.

Corner Main and Centre. ALFRED McHENRY, Manager.

Honesty is the Best Policy.

Honest goods, honest prices, and honest dealings, will surely bring success. Every hour proves it. The last days of the Nineteenth Century show nothing more clearly. We believe this fact, and our works demonstrate our belief. Our goods are warranted to be exactly as represented, that is honest; our goods are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, that is honest. If any article of jewelry of our manufacture does not give perfect satisfaction we will refund the money paid for such articles; that, too, is honest.

I. W. Hartman & Son have a complete assortment of our goods in their store for sale at prices that defy competition. These goods are made from rolled gold, gold filled, or solid gold stock, and are warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.

If this notice should reach any one living too far away from I. W. Hartman & Son's store, or any other customer of ours, to permit their purchasing the goods of our customers, we will sell the goods at retail to such persons, under the warranty, and deliver by mail. We will also send printed instructions as to the care of the jewelry, how to clean it, etc., on application.

W. F. MAIN CO.
Eastern Factory, Cor. Friendship and Eddy St., Providence, R. I.
Western Factory (largest in the world), under process of construction, at East Iowa City, Ia. Over 52,000 feet of floor space. (12

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR RENT.—A desirable house, with steam and water, near Market street, on Columbia avenue.

Also, a suit of rooms, second floor, Main street, near Centre, suitable for office or housekeeping. Apply to
1-12tf L. T. SHARPLESS.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimfull of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 10-27-16t.

LANGLEY, AERONAUT.

GOVERNMENT RECOGNITION OF HIS FLYING MACHINE PLANS.

His Investigation of the Problem of Mechanical Flight—The Flight of Three-Quarters of a Mile Made by His Machine the Longest on Record.

The recent determination of the United States Board of Ordnance to appropriate $25,000 to develop the idea of Secretary S. P. Langley, of the Smithsonian Institution in the construction of a man-carrying, power-driven aeroplane is an evidence of confidence in the future efficiency of the apparatus to which Professor Langley has devoted many years that must be extremely gratifying to him.

The decision of the Board of Ordnance to institute further investigation was influenced by the value in time of war to reconnoitre the enemy's position and to drop high explosives from above, the value of which is appreciated by all strategists, and one that has led some nations to experiment with balloons, as this country did during the recent war. Balloons have not, however, realized all the hopes that have been entertained regarding them.

When the subject was recently under discussion by the Board, Professor Langley appeared before it and gave his opinion in regard to making further experiments, explaining the workings of his own machine, and telling in the most concise manner of the progress made in aerial navigation in Germany and France, where he went last summer and became familiar with the state of the art. The official statement is made that he has consented to give the Board the benefit of his knowledge and experience on the understanding that he is to receive no remuneration for his work, it being his ambition to donate his services to the cause of science and his country, as an evidence of which his machine has not been patented and with his consent never will be.

Prof. Langley's invention was perfected in 1895, and a short successful flight was made with an aerodrome in the spring of the year, but he was reluctant at that time, for reasons obvious to those who have followed the story of mechanical flight from its beginning, to make his success public, and it was not until a year later that the world was taken into the confidence of the great inventor. On May 6, 1896, his aerodrome made two successful flights, which were witnessed by only a few people, but fortunately by those who understood and had sympathy with the project, and whose testimony was universally accepted. Among those few were Alexander Graham Bell, who subsequently wrote an interesting paper concerning his observations when the Langley machine made a flight of three-quarters of a mile, the longest known.

After only a few years devoted to the problem of mechanical flight, Professor Langley succeeded in surmounting several obstacles that had heretofore been considered insurmountable and in producing a machine the incontestable point in regard to which is that it will fly and is susceptible of being steered. But his experience records many failures, and four machines were built before he made one that met the requirements of free flight. After many unsuccessful attempts to launch the fourth aerodrome, he was finally gratified by seeing his machine soar like a great bird through the air, and from this time on the problem of launching was solved.

In an article published in "The Aeronautical Annual," Professor Langley makes graceful allusion to those who were associated with and assisted him in his work, Dr. Carl Barus and J. Elfreth Watkins, the latter of whom is still associated with him in the work. Professor Langley's aerodrome looks in flight like a huge bird; its proportions, however, are greater than any known inhabitant of the air, measuring from tip to tip of its wings fourteen feet. It is built almost entirely of steel and driven by a steam engine. Its weight, including everything it carries, is about forty pounds. The method of propulsion is by twin screw propellors, and there is no gas or any other aid for raising or keeping it up in the air except its internal energy. The machine here referred to, however, did not carry any passengers and was only a working model. It remained about two or three minutes.

Flies Took the Ship; Birds Took Them.

A most remarkable tale of the sea is that related by Capt. Languill of the British steamer Kensington, which arrived in port from Sourabaya, Java, with a heavy cargo of sugar.

The Kensington sailed from this port over two months ago. The weather was extremely hot even for a tropical region. When five days out the steamer passed through a vast area of seaweed, the home of millions of dragoon flies. Hardly had the vessel's prow touched the seaweed when the flies, attracted by the savory fumes of the cargo, began to swarm about the deck. They gathered in great numbers. They penetrated the wicker sugar bags. They attacked the crew, stinging the men about the face and hands in a frightful manner. For five days the dragoon flies continued their onslaught, driving the men to desperation.

Then there came an unexpected rescue. A flock of boatswain birds, the foe of the dragoon fly, circled and wheeled above the unfortunate steamer, then swooped down upon it. In a short time the birds had cleared the Kensington of the pests.—Philadelphia Times.

CHARACTER IN HANDWRITING.

Easy Way to Make Accurate Analysis of a Person's Disposition.

For a little impromptu fun when a few friends happen to drop in ask each one to write any quotation that pops into his or her head and carefully sign name in full. Pen and ink are better than pencil, but the latter will answer in a pinch. If the writing is dark this shows a leaning toward athletics and a love for outdoor life and sports. If the letters are slender and faint the writer is reserved and rarely shows emotion or becomes confidental. Sloping letters indicate a very sensitive disposition, whereas those that are straight up and down evince ability to face the world and throw off the "slings and arrows of outrageous fortune."

Curls and loops are out of fashion nowadays, but any inclination to ornate penmanship is a sure indication of a leaning toward the romantic and sentimental, while the least desire to shade a letter shows imagination and a tendency to idealize common things. If the same letter is formed differently by the same person this shows love of change. Long loops or endings to the letters indicate that the writer "wears his heart upon his sleeve," or in other words, is trusting, non-secretive, and very fond of company. If the "y" has a specially long finish, this shows affectation, but if the same person is also careless about crossing the "ts," the combination is an unhappy one, as it points to fickleness in work and affectation. A curved cross on the "t," or the incurving of the first letters of a word shows an affectionate and good-natured disposition if taken separately; but if the two are indulged in by the same writer it is a sign of jealousy.

Writing that is rather small points to cleverness, quick intuitions, a liking for one's own way, brilliant intellect, and fine powers of penetration. Round, jolly, comfortable looking letters betoken a disposition to correspond.

With these hints in mind it will be surprising how many caps may be found to fit ourselves and our friends. —Chicago Inter Ocean.

CACHES IN THE ARCTIC REGION.

Places Where Explorers Store their Provisions.

An Artic expedition moving overland practically always intends to return by the same route. Even in these days of compressed foods the weight of several months' provender for a large party is considerable. Therefore it is stored in caches along the route, several days' journey apart.

What is simply a hole in the ground is first dug—a matter of extreme difficulty at times. Then, painfully digging elsewhere, earth is brought to the surface, and a quantity of this is dumped into the hole. Ice is melted and the water from it poured upon the earth, the entire mixture freezing in a few moments into a compact cache. On it the provisions the party want to put aside for a future day are laid, so many pounds for each man, carefully calculated. There should be just enough to support life comfortably until the next cache is reached on the return, with two or three days' rations over for emergencies.

With stones, ice and snow the walls of the cache are now built up, water being poured over the snowy structure hermetically to seal it. It is a point of honor, among even the poorest natives, not to rifle a cache unless in cases of the direst necessity; but the provisions must be kept safe from the bears. Properly built, the structure is impregnable, and it needs the work of pickaxes to tear it open.

It is marked by anything the explorers can spare or find in the vicinity, generally by a staff of wood. In Siberia the tooth of a mammoth is not infrequently used. Despite this precaution, however, many caches can never be found again.

If rendered provisionless in this manner, the party must resort to its guns and hunt for the musk ox, the white bear and the seal, which sometimer are in easy reach, but more frequently not to be found at all. Game in these regions is never to be depended upon.

Painting the Emperor's Portrait.

Not long ago the German Emperor wished to have his portrait painted by an English painter, and a certain well-known artist was recommended to him. The artist received and accepted the imperial commission, arrived at Berlin, and made the acquaintance of the Kaiser. The artist prepared for the first sitting with some considerable dread. He was conducted to a very large room in the palace, scantily furnished in cheerless splendor, where the Kaiser awaited him. "You don't like this room?" said the Kaiser, before many minutes had elapsed. "What sort of a room would you like?" "Oh," said the artist, "a small room, cosey and comfortably furnished." "I thought so," said the Kaiser; I didn't choose this room." Then they inspected rooms together, till the artist was satisfied. Then the sitting began. "Now," said the Kaiser, a few minutes later, "you don't paint like that at home; you are not comfortable; how do you like painting?" "Well, coat off—hat on—pipe," said the artist, tersely. "Just so," said the Kaiser, "that is exactly sow I should like you to paint. Now, do make yourself at home and comfortable, and we will talk about England." Then and there the German Emperor and the English artist each made a friend.—To-day.

HOW INDIANS FARE.

DR. PARKHURST WOULD RATHER BE A MALAY.

Hon. T. J. Morgan, Ex-Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Tells How Much Worse Off the Doctor Would Be If He Were a Yellow Subject of Spain.

Dr. Parkhurst of New York recently preached a sermon in which he said: "I would rather be a Malay subject to Spain than be an American Indian subject to the Indian Bureau. So long as it is an understood thing that office is spoils we may well pray to be delivered from the responsibility of governing dependencies."

Hon. T. J. Morgan wrote the Tribune in defense of the Government's care of the Indians as follows:

By "Malay" I suppose is meant any inhabitant of the Philippine Islands; and I assume that Dr. Parkhurst means by his statement to institute a comparison between Spain's treatment of the Philippines and our treatment of the Indians. I do not raise the question, Would Dr. Parkhurst rather be a "Malay" or an "Indian"? as I do not suppose that is involved. Let us glance then for a moment at what seems to me a fair statement as to the difference in the Spanish method of dealing with the Philippines and our method of dealing with the Indians.

First—Spain has derived from the Philippine Islands a large revenue by a system of taxation which has borne very heavily upon the inhabitants. She has sought to force from them the largest possible amount of money, and has spent upon them for their own benefit a mere pittance.

We have never regarded the Indians as subjects of taxation or sources of revenue. On the other hand, we have treated them as wards and have bestowed upon them as gratuities large sums of money. When we have taken their land it has been by agreement, and we have paid them for it large sums of money in the aggregate. A large part of the present expense of the Indian Bureau is incurred in the payment to them of stated annual sums in fulfillment of treaty stipulations.

Let me give one single illustration: The Osage Indians, now living in Indian Territory, a remnant now of about fifteen hundred people, hold in common a large reservation on which they live, where they have for the most part comfortable homes, extensive farms, stocked with cattle and horses and supplied with a fair amount of agricultural implements. From this land alone it would be possible for them to obtain an abundant subsistence; with proper industry no Indian would suffer want. But in addition to this landed estate—in the use of which they are protected by the Government —there is to their credit in the Treasury of the United States $8,000,000, on which the Government pays them in cash every three months the sum of $100,000. Besides this, the Government maintains for them large, well-equipped boarding schools. A good many white men have thought it well to go among these Osages, marry their daughters and identify themselves with the tribe in order to share in their wealth. If an instance similar to this can be pointed out by Dr. Parkhurst in Spain's treatment of the Malays, I should be exceedingly interested in reading it.

Second—The five so-called civilized tribes—Cherokees, Creeks, Choctaws, Chickasaws and Seminoles—in the Indian Territory have for many years maintained their position as nations, each tribe having its own autonomy, its landed estate, its system of legislation, administration, courts and schools under the protectorate of the United States. The Government is seeking through the Dawes Commission to prevail upon these people to surrender their autonomy and identify themselves with the people of the United States as citizens. I do not know of any similar instance of absolute self-government among the Malays under Spanish protection. If there is such will Dr. Parkhurst kindly indicate it?

Third—Any and every Indian has the privilege of separating from the tribe, assuming civilized habits, accepting allotments of land and becoming a citizen of the United States, with the full enjoyment of all ordinary privileges of citizenship and with some special safeguards and exemptions which his white fellow-citizens do not enjoy.

Fourth—The United States, through the Indian Bureau, is maintaining among the Indians of this country a system of public boarding-schools at a cost of about $3,000,000 annually, in which there are now enrolled no less than twenty-four thousand Indian pupils, who are fed, clothed, instructed and nursed when sick at the expense of the United States. From the best information that I have been able to obtain, Spain has adopted no such scheme of education for the Malays under her control, and I had supposed that the outlook for the Indian boy and girl who can receive free of cost the advantages offered in these great Government schools, where they receive not only a common English education but an industrial training, and where there is open to them on leaving school the choice of occupation and of residence anywhere in the United States, was possibly superior to that of the Malay under Spanish rule. Will Dr. Parkhurst kindly correct me if I am mistaken?

Fifth—It is commonly understood, and I had supposed it was correct, that the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands have been plundered and oppressed, by the so-called religious orders to a very extreme degree, and that there is practically no such thing among them as religious liberty. On the other hand, the Indian Bureau does not seek to impose upon the Indians any form of religion, but gives them the utmost freedom of action in religious matters, and offers every facility to any and all religious denominations for the prosecution among them of missionary work.

For these and for other reasons which I might mention I confess that for myself I should rather be an Indian under the Indian Bureau than a Malay subject to Spain.

THE SOUTH'S COTTON PROBLEM.

A New Theory to Account for the Falling Price and Increasing Acreage.

Along with the question of the identity of the man who assaulted William Patterson, with the controversy over the relative merits of city and country life and the discussion whether married men live on the average longer than single men or only imagine that it is longer, is another familiar subject of dispute not yet settled—why the cotton acreage of the South keeps constantly increasing and why the agriculturists of that region do not vary their products. The cotton acreage in the South has steadily been increasing for a good many years; the selling value of cotton has been steadily going down. As the acreage has been enlarged the selling price of cotton has decreased, with the result that though the gross value of the American cotton crop does not vary radically from year to year, the ratio of the expenses involved in its production, the cost of labor, machinery, land and interest, is steadily on the increase. Now there comes forward a man with a new theory to explain the matter. He hails from the heart of the cotton district of Georgia, the chief cotton-producing State till Texas bore away the palm of eminence. His theory is that the reason why the price of cotton is going down and the cotton acreage is increasing is that each year that a larger number of colored men and a smaller number of white men are engaged as principals in cotton culture. He avers that in all the southern states negroes are buying farm lands and they are producing cotton at a cost below that at which the white man can produce it. Their rapid strides forward in cotton culture have done more than anything else to double the cotton output and reduce the price in the last few years. They have driven the price down.

Under the direction of the Department of Agriculture there were made last year some inquiries into the dietary of colored inhabitants of the cotton belt. The investigation was conducted in co-operation with the Agricultural College of Alabama. It was shown by them that the average daily diet of a negro laborer in the cotton fields amounted to three-quarters of a pound of bacon, less than half a pound of flour, half a pound of molasses, and one pound of cornmeal, and that as a result of their modes of sustenance and their ways of life, the labor of colored men in the cotton belt was of such small material value as seriously to embarass and threaten the work of the white farmers—whenever the colored men have control of the land. The matter was brought up for discussion at a recent convention at Macon, Ga., and considerable support was given to this view of the case.

BILL NYE'S BIG HIT.

The Audience Was Full of Emotion and Appreciation.

The following is one of James Whitcomb Riley's stories of his former lecturing partner, Bill Nye:

It was the opening of their joint season; they had both been rusticating during the vacation and were both brown as berries. Nye looked much like an Othello in his sunburned make-up, and Riley suggested to him the application of some "liquid white," a cosmetic much effected by the gentler sex of the profession.

Nye sent for the preparation, and never having used anything of the kind before, he filled the palm of his hand with it and carelessly smeared it over his countenance. There was no mirror in his very primitive dressing room, and Riley was beautifying himself on the other side of the stage.

The "liquid white" dries out somewhat like whitewash, and when Nye appeared before the audience he was a sight to behold. His head looked like a frosted top piece on a wedding cake; his face, white as the driven snow, was expressionless and blank. The audience shrieked, and when he came off from his first selection, they demanded his reappearance. He obliged them to howls of laughter; again he made his exit, and again was redemanded by the uproarious audience.

Believing he had made a hit, he was about returning to the stage, when he was caught by the arm by Mrs. Nye, who exclaimed: "William Edgar Nye, what have you got on your face?"

"Nothing but its usual expression, my dear."

"Expression—fiddlesticks! You're a fright!" cried his wife, and leading him to where there was a piece of broken looking-glass, showed him how he looked.

Nye was mortified, and catching sight of Riley, just about going on the stage, he would have undoubtedly followed him on and been revenged, but for the intervention of Mrs. Nye.

His head was scraped, combed and washed, and his next selection was read without a "hand" from the audience. Moreover, the story is a fact, and not a press agent's concoction.

"Do you call this angel cake, Katharine?"

"Yes; isn't it good?"

"Of course, dear; but I didn't know there were any iron-jawed angels."—Detroit Free Press.

Society Women

and, in fact, nearly all women who undergo a nervous strain, are compelled to regretfully watch the growing pallor of their cheeks, the coming wrinkles and thinness that become more distressing every day.

Every woman knows that ill-health is a fatal enemy to beauty and that good health gives to the plainest face an enduring attractiveness. Pure blood and strong nerves—these are the secret of health and beauty.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People build up and purify the blood and strengthen the nerves. To the young girl they are invaluable, to the mother they are a necessity, to the woman approaching fifty they are the best remedy that science has devised for this crisis of her life.

Mrs. Jacob Weaver, of Bushnell, Ill., is fifty-six years old. She says: "I suffered for five or six years with the trouble that comes to women at this time of life. I was much weakened, was unable, much of the time, to do my own work, and suffered beyond my power to describe. I was downhearted and melancholy. Nothing seemed to do me any good. Then I made up my mind to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

I bought the first box in March, 1897, and was benefited from the start. A box and a half cured me completely, and I am now rugged and strong." —*Bushnell (Ill.) Record.*

The genuine package always bears the full name At all druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price 50¢ per box by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co, Schenectady, N.Y.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

When you want to look on the bright side of things, use

SAPOLIO

Rev. Hicks and some of the other profits say that February is to be the real winter month and they advise all not to be deluded into thinking that the "back-bone of the winter" has been broken because we have had several thaws.

RUBY LIPS—and a clear complexion, the pride of woman—Have you lost these charms through Torpid Liver, Constipation, Billiousness, or Nervousness? Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills will restore them to you—40 Little "Rubies" in a vial—10 cents. Act like a charm. Never gripe.—4.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Milton Fair Statement.

We learn from the Milton *Record* that the statement of the finances of the Milton Driving Park and Fair association shows up very creditably. The receipts from all sources for the year were $5,609,99, which includes the county appropriations and the balance in the treasury of $346,26 from last year. The total expenditures were $5,254,63, which includes the payment of stockholders loan and a note in bank of $550. The association's gross indebtedness is $1,519, or less cash in treasury, 1,163.94.

A Sensible Man.

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle *Free* to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Price 25c. and 50c. 1-5-d-4t.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Hard on Card Players.

Circuit Judge Settle created a sensation in Bowling Green, Ky., by his charge to the grand jury a few days ago, and all society is a-tremble. The charge was on the subject of gambling, and the judge charged the jury to return indictments for all kinds of gambling, declaring that it made no difference whether it was progressive euchre played in the parlor of one of the society leaders for prizes, or whether it was with chips across the green cloth of a gambling den. It is expected that the grand jury will take the bull by the horns and return indictments as directed.

DYSPEPSIA'S CLUTCH.—Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are nature's most wonderful remedy for all disorders of the stomach. The digestive powers of pineapple can be tested by mixing equall parts of pineapple and beef and agating a temperature of 130 degrees Fahrenheit, when the meat will be entirely digested. Pineapple Tablets relieve in one day. 35 cents.—5.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Locomotives in 1898.

The *Railroad Gazette* says that the total output of locomotives outside of the railroad shops in 1898 amounted to 1875, as against 1251 in 1897, an increase of nearly 50 per cent. The total output of cars aggregate 105,158, of which 99,809 are freight, 699 passenger, and 4,650 street cars. The past year was the best for the car building industry since 1890, the record breaking year, when the car output amounted to 103,000.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Facts for Labor.

At the convention of the Federation of Labor, the strongest federation of the kind in existence in this country, held at Kansas City, one day last week. President Gompers said in relation to the annexation of the Philipines, by this Government:

"We cannot annex the Philipines without o large increase in our standing army.

A large standing army is repugnant to republican institutions and a menance to the liberty of our own people.

If we annex the Philipines we shall have to conquer the Fillipinos by the force of arms, and thereby deny to them what we claim for ourselves—the right of self government.

We shall surrender the preseat safe and independent position by which we are guaranteed the tranquility and the fruits of peace, and force ourselves into European and Asiatic entanglements, implying war and the preparations for war.

We shall become a militant instead of a peace loving nation.

We shall seek to conquer by the force of arms instead of by our own industry, commerce and superior mentality and civilization.

We shall be compelled to open the gates and admit the Chinese, Malays and slave laborers who may come from "our new possessions," since the constitution of the United States forbids the interdiction of the free entry of men and their products between our states and our territories.

The policy of imperalism is a declaration that self government has failed, that the people cannot be trusted, that the dollar is of more consequence than the man, and that the plutocracy and the militarism are nobler than humanity.

The attempt to divert the attention of our people from the ills from which we suffer at home to foreign questions will fail.

The principles of liberty and justice have been imbibed by our people too many years to permit them to be cheated out of their birthright.

The institutions of our republic have taken root too deeply in the minds and hearts of our people to permit us to become a nation of conquerers, or to dominate by force of arms a people struggling for liberty and independence.

A Western Paper's Puff Rates.

A paper out west, having grown tired of boosting candidates which it knew ought to be behind the bars, and of putting wings on deceased persons when there was more call for asbestos garments, has prepared and issued a schedule of rates governing the ordinary line of notices, as follows:

"For calling a man a progressive citizen, when everybody knows he is lazier than a government mule, $2.75; referring to a deceased citizen as one who is sincerely mourned by the entire community, when we know that he will only be missed in poker circles, $1 08; referring to some gallivanting female as 'an estimable lady whom it is a pleasure to meet,' when every business man in town would rather see the devil coming, hoofs, and horns and all, than to see her coming toward them, $3.19; speaking of a candidate as a pleasant, amiable gentleman, who is spoken well of by a large circle of friends who have pushed his claim to office rather against his will, when we all know that he has always wanted some office, from roadmaster up, since he was 21 years of age, $1.07 per speak; calling an ordinary pulpit pounder 'an eminent divine,' 60 cents."

To Keep in the Mental Note Book.

Three things to admire—Intellectual power, dignity and gracefulness.

Three things to love—Courage, gentleness and affection.

Three things to hate—Cruelty, arrogance and ingratitude.

Three things to delight in—Frankness, freedom and beauty.

Three things to wish for—Health, friends and a cheerful spirit.

Three things to avoid—Idleness, loquacity and flippant jesting.

Three things to fight for—Honor, country and home.

Three things to govern—Temper, tongue and conduct.

YOU SHOULD KNOW—What Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to do for those who have impure and improverished blood. It makes the blood rich and pure, and cures scrotula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, catarrh, rheumatism, nervousness. If you are troubled with any ailiment caused or prompted by impure blood, take Hood's Sarsaparilla at once.

HOOD'S PILLS are prompt and efficient, easy to take, easy to operate.

Must Pay Their Own Expenses.

A decision of the McKean County Courts, that the Commissioners must refund the $3.50 per day that each received for expenses while attending the State Convention, as well as other moneys paid them for railroad fare and hotel bills while away from the county seat on official business, will have a far-reaching effect. The Court stated that the law does not provide for such expenses.

ADVICE FOR TEMPERENCE PEOPLE.

Educate Not Prohibit, Says Bishop Potter, of New York.

When Bishop Potter declared himself in favor of the saloon at a temperence meeting in New York the other night, be dropped a bombshell in the Prohibition camp and created a sensation in the community of wet goods people, producers and consumers. Potter says the saloon must stay until better places have been provided in which poor people who cannot spare $50 for a club membership and its incidental expenses may spend an evening. He would give the common, every-day working man a more real enjoyment for his money than he can get in the saloon, and would use educational means that in time would result in the slave to appetie abandoning his old resorts and step up on the higher plane of sociability without dissipitation. Potter would adopt a middle course, and he is right. He does not lay down a cast-iron law that no man shall taste, touch or handle spirituous beverages, but he would teach men the folly of being slaves to unnatural appetites.

You cannot prohibit a man from drinking till he is drunk, but you can show him the foolishness and iniquity of such a course, and lead them to abandon it. A temperence man is one who avoids extremes. To drink no wine at all is an extreme just as much as to drink wine to excess. When we say a temperate climate we mean one that is neither too hot nor too cold. Applying the prohibition theory and principle, by a temperate climate we would mean no climate at all.

All educated and refined people deplore the evils of the liquor traffic, and form of the system. But deep-thinking people know that you cannot sweep the liquor business out of existence by one stroke of legislation. The excessive drinker is a victim of a disease, and he cannot be cured by prohibition, but he may be cured, and ten chances to one will be cured, by education. In France everybody drinks wine and other spirituous liquors, but they have no drunkards. All this is so because for generations people have been taught that the use of the beaverage was right, but its abuse was wrong. If to-day you passed a prohibitory law in France you would certainly create drunkards in direct proportion to the stringency with which you enforced the law. Bishop Potter has struck the keynote to success. Let the temperance people take up the strain and all respectable people will join them in bringing about reforms that years of vain efforts have failed to accomplish.

CALIFORNIA.

Extraordinary Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

America is a great country. In variety and grandeur of natural scenery it is unrivaled. To traverse it, to behold its diversities and its wonders, is a liberal education, a revelation to the immured metropolitan citizen. The Personally-Conducted Tour to California under the direction of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which leaves on February 9, affords a most excellent opportunity to view the vast variety and boundless beauty of this marvelous land. The party will travel over the *entire route* in the model Pullman train of smoking, dining, sleeping, and observation cars exhibited at the World's Fair, Chicago, and subsequently at Atlanta, Nashville, and Omaha. This train will be placed in service for the first time on this occasion, and will be in charge of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, who will look after all details of the trip, as well as the individual wellfare of members of the party. Stops will be made at Mammoth Cave, New Orleans during Mardi Gras Carnival, El Paso, Los Angeles, San Diego, Redlands, Riverside, Pasadena, Santa Barbara, Monterey, Del Monte, Santa Cruz, Mount Hamilton, Menlo Park, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Glenwood Springs, Colorado Springs, Manitou and Garden of the Gods, Denver, and Chicago Nineteen days will be spent in California. Round trip rate, *including all necessary expenses during entire trip*, $400 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad System east of Pittsburg; $395 from Pittsburg. For itinerary and full information apply to ticket agents; Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 1-12 3t

ITCHING, BURNING, CREEPING, CRAWLING Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blotches and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rashes during teething time. 35 cents a box.—3.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FEBRUARY COURT—TRIAL LIST

For Week Beginning Monday, February 13th, 1899.

Peter Thomas vs James M Williams.
Ellen Shoemaker vs Joseph W Fausey.
Susan Cooper vs Margaret Averal et al.
C T Steck, M D, vs J W Kelchner.
Lloyd P Fox vs George Fox, et al.
Susan Cooper vs Daniel Miller.
Charles Reichart vs The Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Co.
John Schell vs same.
Wm Hoffman, Admr, vs Wm Hopper and Mary Hopper.
Howard R Snyder, indorse of Mary Magee Snyder, vs James Magee, 2d.
Dennison Brink vs. the Township of Hemlock.
The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co, of Middle Pa, now to use of Harry S Knight, Receiver, vs Bartold Kiernoff.
Same vs Sylvester Heath.
Same vs J B Robbins.
Same vs Elijah Peterman.
Philip Rabuck vs The Penna R R Co, lessee of the S H & W B Railway Co.
Charles D Hamlin vs. Norman E Hamlin.
Edward and William Bardo vs S C Creasy and E C Wells, trading as Creasy & Wells.
Robert S Howell vs Daniel Snyder and wife.
Charles C Evans, executor of John Hunt, deceased vs D Z Remaly.
W H Whitenight vs Phoebe E DeWitt and J M Dewitt, her agent.
Lamar Vanskickle vs S S Dreisbach.
G W Hauck vs The Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Co.
David Shuman vs same.
David Shuman vs the Cross Creek Coal Co.
David Shuman vs Charles M Dodson & Co.
David Shuman vs George H Myers & Co.
Uriah V Brooke vs Christian Small, Jr
Wm C Sponsler vs William Walp, Admr of Mary A Walp, deceased, William Walp, Geo Walp, James Walp, Samuel Walp, Lydia Claywell and Jennie Deitrick, heirs at law of Mary A Walp, deceased
Rebecca J Martin vs Boyd R Yetter.
J B Robison vs Benjamin H Karns et al
Charles Tritt vs The Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.
James M Rhone vs Charles Gibbons and Philip Gibbons.
Simon Abells' use vs B J Doyle et al.
H E Elston vs Allison U Jury.
Frank P Pursell vs John K Grotz.
W M Weaver vs Henry Delghmiller, Hiram Sterling.
William Berninger vs The S H & W B Rwy Co, and its lessee, The Pennsylvania Railroad Co.
Anglo American S & L Ass'n vs James Magee, 2d, with notice to Ella G Magee, terre tenant.
The Citizen's B & L Ass'n vs Margaret Grady.
Julia Bibly, assignee of Franklin L Shuman, vs Herman T Young, Admr of Harriet Murray, deceased, with notice to Matilda Krebs, terre tenant.

ARGUMENT LIST.

Commonwealth vs Hiram Albertson.
Mary C Kline vs Rebecca J Adams, Admx of Ellen Kline.
C D Hamlin vs N E Hamlin.
David Naus vs Wm Roady.
Simon Abells' use vs B J Doyle.
In re annexation of territory to Boro of Berwick.
In re road in Catawissa and Main Twps, from river bridge to Mainville.
Madison Twp Poor Dist vs Bloom Poor Dst
Road in Greenwood Twp, near Heacock's R R station.
Road in Catawissa Twp, near Dan'l Merris' barn.
In re division of Briarc'k Twp into two Twps.
Francis Evans, trustee of Jacob Moyer Est., vs Henry H. Martz, with notice to all terre tenants.
Metropolitan C Heeting Co and Danville Stove Mfg Co, vs Anna M Berninger.
Jeremiah Snyder vs Christena Adams.
Road in Franklin Twp, near Francis Ely's.
Quaker City Watch Co vs K R Irvin, Def't, and Scott E Fenstemacher, Garnishee.
The Leader Co, Limited, vs Thomas Gorrer.
C C Peacock's use vs M A Albertson.
J E Wilson vs M A Albertson.
Road in Cleveland Twp, near house of Richard Meisner.
Road in Beaver Twp, near Rebecca Hinsinger's.
Road in Main and Beaver Twps, near Israel Naus' Dam.
In re Sheriff's sale of real estate of Emma Neyhard.
Estate of Boyd A Kile, dec'd.
Estate of Andrew Fowler, dec'd.

JURY LIST.

GRAND JURORS—REPORT FIRST MONDAY, AT 10 A. M.

Benton Boro—Chas A. Edson, B. F Keeler.
Berwick—Philip Clement, E. K. Richardson, Geo. E. Clemens.
Bloomsburg—A. C DeSheppard.
Catawissa Boro—K. S. Cleaver, John Haley, Howard Brown, Geo. B. Rhawn.
Catawissa Twp—D. H. Fetterolf.
Cleveland—Luther Dimmick, Christian Small, Chas. E. Stine, Samuel Leiby.
Conyngham—M. J. McHale.
Fishingcreek—A. N. Hosler.
Greenwood—David Albertson.
Mifflin—Wilson Creasy, F. H. Smoyer.
Montour—Henry Kiefer.
Mt. Pleasant—T. C. Oman.
Orange—M. F. Bowman, Ranslo Fester.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK—REPORT FIRST TUESDAY, AT 10 A. M.

Beaver—C E Berninger.
Berwick—Chas W Bower, O E Evans, Abram Harman, Harvey Gingher, H W Bower, Wm Stackhouse, Wm Foley, Henry Jones.
Bloomsburg—Chas Evans, Henry F Pursel, Ralph Gray, Geo B Martin, Wm H Housel, Jas Ritter, Jas Pollock.
Briarcreek—John Fester.
Catawissa Boro—Edward Billig, Chas E Smith, Peter R Baldy, C E Clewell
Centre—James L Williams.
Conyngham—Edward Rooney, Thos. Kiernan.
Cleveland—Simon R Carl.
Greenwood—John Morris, J W Reece, Jno C Parker, Chas H Dildine.
Hemlock—W R Beagle, Harry Kester.
Locust—Andrew Boyer, Wilson Yeager, Wm Beaver.
Main—Daniel Shuman.
Madison—C C Cooper.
Mifflin—Milton Lehman.
Millville—J C Christian.
Montour—Josiah Robert's.
Pine—W H Hayman, B F Karshner.
Roaringcreek—W H Cherrington, Michael Roach.
Scott—A F McCollum.
Sugarloaf—J W Perry, Benj. Laubach, John Moore, Frank Myers.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK—SECOND MONDAY, 10 A. M.

Benton Twp—Emanuel Laubach, Daniel Eshelman.
Berwick—Frank Corkins.
Bloomsburg—R C Buckalew, Frank Parks, I L Rabb, Edward Sterner, H D Edgar.
Catawissa Boro—David Kashner, W M Vastine, Reuben Shuman.
Catawissa Twp—Lloyd Creasy.
Centralia—George W Davis
Centre—Geo Creasy, E B Hess, Wilson J Kitchen, J W Miller.
Cleveland—F J DeLong.
Conyngham—Wm Richard.
Fishingcreek—Hermon Cline.
Franklin—S D Loreman.
Greenwood—Wm T Hileman.
Hemlock—Wm Fry.
Jackson—W A Butt.
Locust—Wm Rarig, Amza Kline.
Madison—A F Hartline, J J Cramer.
Mifflinville—J H Eisenhower.
Montour—Wm Huntingdon.
Mt Pleasant—G H Everett.
Orange—Sylvester Hutton.
Pine—Benj E Whitmoyer.
Sugarloaf—B D Cole, Albert Cole, J E Fritz.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County on the 6th day of February next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, under Act of Assembly entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, by John S. Scott, Boyd Bower, Henry Bower, J. J. Davis and Allen Shellhammer for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "Washington Camp No. 517, of the Patriotic Order of the Sons of America," the charter and object of which is to foster and encourage a spirit of patriotism and love of country among its members and others, and for those purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid, and its supplements. W. H. MAGILL, Solicitor.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the undersigned, and to all persons to whom it may concern, that he will apply to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth, on Monday, February 6, 1899, at three o'clock p. m., of said day, at which time any person having any objection to his final discharge as an insolvent debtor can appear and make the same known. THOS. E. ATEN.
IKELER & IKELER, Attys. 1-19-4t.

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.
50c. and $1.00 at Druggists
1-19-4t.d.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of writs of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, State of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, '99,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following real estate, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania:

PURPART No. 1. Designated as the Ingrain Mill, more fully described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southeast corner of Fifth and Leonard streets, thence along south side of Fifth street north 64 degrees, 30 minutes east four hundred forty-nine and one-tenth feet to a stake o land of R. & B. R. R., thence along same south 26 degrees, 50 minutes east two hundred and five feet to corner of Tapestry Plant, thence along same south 64 degrees, 30 minutes west seventy-nine feet to a stake, thence along same south 25 degrees, 10 minutes east one hundred and twenty and thirty-four hundred ths feet to a stake corner of Spinning Plant, thence along same south 64 degrees, 30 minutes west three hundred and sixty-nine feet to Leonard street, thence along same north 24 degrees, 10 minutes west three hundred and twenty-five and thirty-four hundredths feet to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a four-story

BRICK INGRAIN CARPET MILL,

a three story brick engine, boiler and dying house, barn and out buildings.

PURPART No 2. Designated as the Tapestry Plant, more fully described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the line of R. & B. RR. one hundred and ninety feet north of Sixth street at a corner of Ingrain Carpet Mill, thence along the same south 64 degrees and 30 minutes west seventy-nine feet to a stake, thence south 25 degrees and 10 minutes east one hundred and sixty-two and sixty-six hundredths feet to the corner of Dye room, thence along same north 64 degrees and 30 minutes east seventy-nine feet to line of R. & B. RR., thence along same north 25 degrees and 10 minutes east one hundred and forty-one and five-tenths feet to the place of beginning, whereon is erected

A BRICK WEAVING SHED,

used in the manufacture of Tapestry Carpets.

PURPART No. 3. Designated as the Dry Room or Color Shop, more fully described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the north side of Sixth street, corner of R. & B. RR.; thence along same, north twenty five degrees, 10 min., west forty eight and five tenths feet to a corner of Tapestry plant; thence along same south 68 degrees and 30 minutes west seventy-nine feet to a stake corner of Spinning Mill; thence along same fifty-three and five tenths feet to a point on north side of Sixth street fifty-two feet from place of beginning; thence along same fifty-two feeet to the place of beginning; whereon is erected a one story

BRICK COLOR SHOP.

PURPART No. 4. Designated as the Spinning Mill. More fully described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on north-east corner of the intersection of Sixth and Leonard streets, thence along Leonard street, north 25 degrees, 10 minutes west sixty-nine and sixty-six hundreths feet to corner of Ingrain Plant, thence along same north 64 degrees, 30 minutes west three hundred and sixty-nine and four-tenths feet to Tapestry Plant, thence along same south 25 degrees, 10 minutes east twenty-one and sixteen-hundreths feet to corner of dye room; thence along same fifty-three and five-tenths feet to line of Sixth street; thence south 64 degrees, 30 minutes west three hundred and ninety-seven and one-tenth feet to place of beginning, whereon is erected a three-story

BRICK BUILDING,

with basement used in spinning yarns.

Seized and taken into execution at the suit of C. C. Peacock, trustee and James Magee 2nd trustee vs. the Magee Carpet Works, and to be sold as the property of the Magee Carpet Works.

C. W. MILLER, Atty. W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE —OF VALUABLE— REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROFERTY.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, the undersigned, administratrix of John Barber, late of Fishingcreek Twp., in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, '99,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate: All that certain lot of ground, situated in Stillwater, Fishingcreek township, county and state aforesaid, bounded on the north by land of Moses McHenry, on the east by land of William Smith, on the south by public road and on the west by land of Moses McHenry, being about forty feet front on public road and sixteen feet deep, on which is erected a two-story

FRAME WAGON SHOP.

At the same time and place the administratrix will sell a two-story frame building, twenty by thirty-six feet, used as a paint shop, standing on ground of Moses McHenry. Said administratrix will also sell, at the same time and place, the following described personal property: One boiler and engine, one chopper, one turning lathe and bits, shafting and bolts, paint room contents, one gig saw, one-half interest in a wheelbarrow, one bed and bedding, one table, vinegar and barrel.

TERMS OF SALE—For Real Estate:—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the balance to be paid within six months. Possession given April first next, providing one-fourth of the purchase money be paid at that time. Deed at the expense of the purchaser. All personal property on the premises reserved.

TERMS OF SALE—For Personal Property:—All purchases under $5.00, cash; for all over $5 00, a note with approved security will be required, payable within six months.

HARRIET BARBER, Admx. of John Barber, dec'd.

GRANT HERRING, Atty.

At the same time and place will sell her individual property, as follows: One horse, wagon and harness, one pair of new bob-sleds and rims, three circular saws and bench, about two or three thousand feet of prime, dry wood, for wagon making purposes; a lot of worked wood of the same character, one cart, a boring machine, two work benches and vise, one grindstone and bench, and a variety of tools and patterns, suitable for a wheelwright shop.

TERMS OF SALE:—All purchases under $5.00 cash; for all over $5.00, note with approved security, payable within six months.

1-19 HARRIET BARBER.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widow's Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia County on the first Monday of February 1899 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

Estate of Ezekiel Brink late of Sugarloaf township. Personalty $60.25. Realty $239.75.

Estate of Wm. H. Snyder late of Bloomsburg. Realty $300.00.

W. H. HENRIE, Clerk of O. C.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, on the 13th day of February next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, under an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto by H. C. Steward, Charles Creasy, C. E. Lowery, Thomas Cain, Sr., G. E. Cain and T. D. Robbins, for the charter of an inteuded corporation, to be called "The Patriotic Order Sons of America Hall Association, of Lime Ridge, Pa." The charter and object of which is to promote a spirit of patriotism and love of country among its members and others, and for charitable and benevolent purposes, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy, all the rights, benefits and privileges, conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid and its supplements.
1-19-3t. W. A. EVERT, Solicitor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF AARON ROONE, LATE OF SCOTT TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of the executors and to make distribution to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit for the purposes of his appointment at his office on North West Corner of Main and Market streets in Bloomsburg, Pa., at 10 o'clock a. m., Thursday, February 23, 1899. All persons having claims against said estate will present them or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund. J. B. ROBISON, 1-26 4t. Auditor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Lockard's building,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets. 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

J. HOWARD PATTERSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Rooms 4 and 5. Peacock bldg
Telephone 1463. BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office and residence, 410 Main St.
3-70-1 BLOOMSBURG, PA

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D. SURGEON.
GENERAL SURGERY, SURGERY OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
Over Farmer's National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-10 98.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House
* MARKET STREET *
TELEPHONE.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$5,198,529	$1,[illegible]0,58
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,019,55
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,918	1 121 68
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	426,98
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,780,689	2 264,72

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
—o—
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y. Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co. New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Chris. F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

SHOE DRESSINGS

—FOR—

RUSSET * OR * BOX * CALF * SHOES.

Wholesale or Retail.
Gross or Dozen.

W. C. McKINNEY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

NO. 8 EAST MAIN ST.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.

☞ Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in this section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons. 1-5

FREE TRIPS TO PARIS IN 1900.

An Opportunity to See the Great Exposition Without Cost.

The great Philadelphia *Press* announces that it proposes to offer free trips to the wonderful exposition to be held in Paris next year. Details of the offer will be given in next Sunday's Philadelphia *Press* (January 29). There will be other special features, which will be found in another Sunday paper. It will be well, therefore, to make sure early in the week of getting next Sunday's *Press*.

The Lotus Glee Club.

The concert given here by the Lotus Glee Club on Nov. 3rd, opening the Union Lecture Course, was a great success. Every seat was sold fifteen minutes before the concert commenced, and besides the many who stood during the concert, scores of people went away for want of room. The concert was worthy of the audience. The singing of the Club, both as a quartet and in solos, was beautiful; the selections of a high order and finely rendered. Every number on the entire programme was encored, and the entertainment is pronounced by our people as "the best concert we have ever had in town."—W. L. FLETCHER, Secretary, Union Lecture Course, Amherst, Mass.

Miss Norton is undoubtedly the best reciter that has appeared in this city in many years. She has a charming stage presence, possessing a very piquant and pretty face. Her manner is graceful and her soft, musical voice is under her complete control. Last night she gave with equal force the most dramatic and passionate scenes of a selection from "Nicholas Nickleby" and the lighter selections representing juvenile parts as found in Thompson's "Kitty Clover" and Field's "Winken, Blinken and Nod."—*Daily Times*, New Brunswick, N. J.

The above entertainment will appear in the Normal Auditorium Friday evening. Tickets can be had at Bidlemans'.

JERSEYTOWN.

Mr. Wilbur Runyan Sundayed at Spruce Run. It looks as if there is some attraction.

Martha, the little daughter of Jno J. Kreamer, is lying seriously ill.

The Republicans will hold their caucus this week and the prohibitionists later on.

Dr J. E. Shuman is kept very busy at present — both day and night He says that he has never seen so much grip.

C. G. Coleman is the happiest man in town since the arrival of his new boarder.

Mr James Kenlin, of Miles, Ohio, who has been visiting at his father's for the past two weeks, returned home on Tuesday.

The Democrats of Madison held their caucus on Saturday last and selected good men for our township offices, but some are dissatisfied. There are always some kickers.

Lewis Kreamer was seen wending his way towards Ritterville on Sunday last.

Mrs. D. W. Girton, of Frosty Valley, is visiting at John J. Kreamer's.

The grip has made its appearance, and quite a good many have got it.

MARRIED.

MAUST—BOWMAN.—Near Orangeville, on January 19th, 1899, by Rev. J. W. Martyn, Mr. George W. Maust, of Millville, and Miss Lizzie R. Bowman, daughter of Mr. Hiram E. Bowman, of Orangeville, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

BENTON NEWS.

A number of our young business men, expect to leave for Seattle Washington, in the near future to engage in business. We wish them all success in their new undertaking.

Mrs. Alfred McHenry of Bloom., was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Lizzie McHenry Saturday.

Mrs. Andrew Ikeler, who has been seriously ill for the past month, is at present much improved.

An unusual number of deaths have occured in this and surrounding community and undertaker Ira R. McHenry, has been kept very busy.

Dr. Mather of Rhorsburg, transacted business here Friday evening.

A company of talented young ladies and gentlemen of Millville, have been engaged by our band to give an entertainment Saturday evening Feb. 4th. The play promises to be a good one and all who have an interest in the band should turn out and greet them with a full house, as they are yet in debt for their new instruments, and would appreciate a lift financially.

Miss Nettie Hurleman of Unityville, was the guest of Miss Maud McHenry one day last week.

Bart Hagenbuch accompanied by his lady friend, Miss Edna Robbins, took dinner with Dr. Butt of Waller, Sunday.

Moyer Lewis of Bloomsburg, spent Sunday with the family of Ira R. McHenry.

Wilbur Jacobs of Bloomsburg, arrived here the fore part of the week, and will engage in the bakery business.

Professor Chambers of Carlisle is expected this week, to give the band two months of his valuable instruction.

Ed. Hartman was a Bloomsburg visitor, Saturday.

Chas. Carpenter has started a hand laundry at this place, and is assisted by a young gentleman of Catawissa.

The Democratic Primary was held Saturday and passed off very quietly. The nominations for Council were, Ira R. McHenry, Russel Karns, and Wm. Robbins.

NOTES FROM ESPY.

Mrs. J. B. Case returned last week from a six week's visit at Hazleton

John Watson of Bloomsburg, was noticed on our streets on Sunday.

Geo. Hughes, our old townsman, now of Lime Ridge, spent several days in town last week.

John Milnes is among the number who have been suffering from grippe.

Harvey Dietterich of Bloomsburg, is at present at home with his mother in this place.

H. H. Lehman has recovered from a five week's illness.

Miss Julia Kendig of Plymouth, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Hurley Angle.

Mrs. A. F. Jacobs has been suffering from an extended sickness, and at this writing doubts are entertained as to her recovery.

The excellent skating and fine moonlight nights of last week afforded recreation which our young people did not fail to take advantage of.

Mrs. John Savidge of Jamison City, is visiting relatives in town.

Master William Hagenbuch of Light Street, was an Espy visitor on Sunday.

A Democratic caucus was held in Odd Fellows' hall on Monday night, at which time the following nominations were made for the spring elections, for East Scott township:

Judge of Election—A. G. Burlingame; Inspector—C. C. Hess; School Director—J. M. Lehman; Supervisor—Stephen Pohe; Constable—Hurley Angle; Assessor—E. O. Hummel; Auditor—Byron Karshner.

At the Republican caucus held on Tuesday night, the following nominations were made: Judge of Election—Chas. Greenwalt; Inspector—J. W. Greenwalt; School Director—J. C. Creveling; Supervisor—Philip Angle; Constable—H. C. Wapies; Assessor—O. B. Case; Auditor—C. F. Abbott.

Lumber Wanted.

Hawley-Slate Furniture Co. want 50,000 feet, one inch chestnut lumber, thoroughly dry, at their factory, in Bloomsburg. 1-5 tf.

Hemlock Township Caucus.

A Democratic caucus will be held in the school house at Buck Horn, on Thursday evening, February 2, at 7 o'clock.

General Gordon's Lecture.

The announcement that Gen. J. B. Gordon would lecture in the Normal Auditorium last Saturday evening filled the hall with people. None came away disappointed. His lecture was entertaining, instructive, amusing, pathetic, and patriotic.

The stage was set with a large flag as a back ground, and when Gen. Gordon and Dr. Welsh entered and took their seats, a chorus of students sang "Tenting tonight on the old Camp Ground" with very pretty effect. In introducing the lecturer Dr. Welsh said that there was a time when it would not have been safe for any one to introduce a Confederate General to a Bloomsburg audience, but that time was many years ago. Gen. Gordon was greeted with hearty applause, and all through his lecture there was continued marks of approbation. What he said we shall not attempt to tell for he talked over two hours, though it did not seem half so long.

Many old soldiers were present, and at the close of the lecture, after the audience arose and sang "America" they went up on the stage and shook hands with him, as did many others of the audience. C. H. Campbell informed us that he was present in most of the battles to which Gen. Gordon alluded.

Gen. Gordon is a prominent man in American history. He is, with one exception, the sole survivor who held high rank in either army at the closing scenes at Appomattox. He has been Governor of Georgia several times, and twice in the U. S. Senate from that state. As an orator he ranks high, and the people of Bloomsburg are indebted to the Students' Lecture Course for giving them an opportunity to hear so distinguished a man.

Lehigh Valley Company Not Criminally Responsible.

It has been officially announced that no inquest will be held in the matter of the recent fatal railroad wreck on the Lehigh Valley Railroad at West Dunellen whereby seventeen victims lost their lives, and that the railroad company was not criminally responsible. This decision has been reached as a result of a personal investigation conducted by Prosecutor Voorhees and County Physician Long. The officials would not disclose where the investigation was held, but it has been learned that it was at the New York offices of the company, in the Havemeyer Building. It was made with the co-operation of the railroad company.

Engineers Rick and Pendergast were not able to be present, but the train dispatcher and the telegraph operator at South Plainfield were. The prosecutor would not disclose who was responsible.

Christian Endeavor Day.

The eighteenth anniversary of the organization of the first Christian Endeavor Society, now known throughout the world as Christian Endeavor Day, will be appropriately observed in the Bloomsburg Presbyterian Church next Sunday evening, 29th inst., by rendering an interesting and instructive program arranged for the day by the United Society. Select readings, recitations and responsive exercises will give a very general idea of the aims, scope and special features of Christian Endeavor work, and pass the evening with pleasure and profit to the hearer.

Musical selections, by local talent, will add to the interest of the exercises, which will begin at half-past seven o'clock. The public is cordially invited to be present.

The Fence Law.

Thomas J. Edge, State Secretary of Agriculture, in reply to a question in reference to fence laws in this State, says: "The Act of March 11, 1842, is very clear in its provisions as to maintaining line fences. In all cases where the land is or has been "improved" they must be erected and maintained at the joint expense of the adjacent land owners. If one owns improved land adjoining the woodland of a neighbor, then that neighbor cannot be compelled to maintain any share of the fence, because the land (woodland) is not "improved" land within the meaning of the Act.

A New Popular Song.

"To-night His Face is Missing In the Old Home," is the title of a new song that is finding great favor with the song loving public. The words and melody are fine. To introduce it, the publishers will mail a copy of this great song and their music roll containing 18 pages of popular music, arranged for piano and organ, on receipt of 25c. Address: POPULAR MUSIC CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

IT KEEPS THE FEET WARM AND DRY.—Ask for Allens Foot-Fase, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Swollen, Sweating, Damp, feet. At all druggists and shoe stores 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmestead, LeRoy, N. Y. [1-5d4t

REGARDLESS OF AGE.

The kidneys are responsible for more sickness, suffering, and deaths than any other organs of the body.

A majority of the ills afflicting people of to day is traceable to kidney trouble. It pervades all classes of society, in all climates, regardless of age, sex or condition.

The symptoms of kidney trouble are unmistakable, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, sleeplessness, pain or dull ache in the back, a desire to urinate often day or night, profuse or scanty supply.

Uric acid, or brick dust deposit in urine are signs of clogged kidneys, causing poisoned and germ-filled blood. Sometimes the heart acts badly, and tube casts (wasting of the kidneys) are found in the urine, which if neglected will result in Bright's Disease the most dangerous form of kidney trouble.

All these symptoms and conditions are promptly removed under the influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root. It has a world wide reputation for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

No one need be long without it as it is so easy to get at any drug store at fifty cents or one dollar. You can have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery, Swamp Root, and a book telling all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Send your address to DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y. and kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in THE COLUMBIAN.

STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

—Fire in the Second Ward High School Building, at Towanda, on Tuesday destroyed about $200 worth of books and supplies and $500 worth of Principal Robbins' private effects. The 500 pupils all escaped uninjured.

—The P. L. Kimberly Company mill, at Greenville, went into operation Tuesday morning, with twenty furnaces in blast, the largest number working at one time in two years The plant has orders that will keep it running for several months.

—Frank Eagan, of New Castle, who has been in Klondike two years, has returned with nearly $250,000 taken from his claim in six months. His partner also possesses a similar sum. They suffered untold hardships and nearly starved to death.

—John Carroll, aged 22 years, a popular and prominent young man, of Colorado, near Shenandoah, met with a horrible death early Tuesday morning. He was returning home from a banquet at Girardville, and was walking on the railroad track, when he was struck by a passenger train.

—While George Hudock, aged 3 years, and a young sister were playing in the kitchen of their parents' home, at Hickory Ridge, on Tuesday, a red-hot coal fell from a stove grate and landed on the boy's dress. He was soon a mass of flames, and when his mother reached him he was nude and frightfully burned. Death quickly resulted.

—With $1,454,000 in currency, specie and exchanges piled on its counters ready to pay to depositors, German National Bank of Pittsburg, which closed its doors on October 18, reopened for business Monday. There was a large crowd of depositors on hand, but only a few thousand dollars were withdrawn. The directors made good the bank's losses.

—While crossing the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Linden St., with his milk wagon, on Wednesday, Charles Rhinehart, a Sunbury milkman, was struck by News Express, which arrives in that city at 9:45 a. m. A big gash was cut in his head and his left leg was so badly injured that it was necessary to amputate it above the knee. The wagon was completely demolished, while the horse escaped uninjured.

Lippincott's Magazine For Feb'y, 1899.

The complete novel in the February issue of "Lippincott's" is "For the French Lilies," by Isabel Nixon Whiteley. The action is chiefly in Italy in 1511-12, and in this remote period the author shows herself at home.

Wardon Allan Curtis tells "The Tale of the Doubtful Grandfather," and a most extraordinary tale it is, such as surely was never told before. In "A Night in Devil's Gully," Owen Hall records an Australian experience of a kind now happily rare.

Austin Bierbower, in "A Diplomatic Forecast," predicts that the leading and predominant powers will soon be England, Russia, and the United States, with Germany as a bad fourth—unless she attacks and overcomes Russia before the latter has carried out her Asiatic plans.

"Cyrano de Bergerac," the play so much talked of, is the subject of an article by Lionel Strachey. H. E. Warner inquires, "Will Poetry Disappear?" and inclines to think it will.

"Lambeth Palace" is briefly described by G. F. Burnley. D. O. Kellogg writes of "James Wilson and His Times," and James M. Scovel supplies some "Recollections of Lincoln."

The poetry of the number is by Viola Roseboro, Dora Read Goodale, Clarence Urmy, and Harris S. Morris.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE, for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospital at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 10-27-16t

THE

BROADWAY

Tubular lanterns, 39c each.

Enameled steel coffee pots, 17c, 20c, 23c, 25c each.

Mrs. Potts' cold-handle sad irons, 69c set.

Best table oil cloth, 12c yd.

Steel shelf brackets, 2c to 7c each.

Writing paper, 10c. 12c, 15c box.

Colored cheese cloth, all colors, 3c yard.

Red table damask, 15c, 20c, 25c yard.

Best lining cambric, 3 1-2c yd.

New line of narrow Valenciennes lace and insertion.

Umbrellas, 48c, 50c, to 1.50 each.

Aluminum key chains, 10c each.

8 oz. bars glycerine soap, 10c each.

Boys' heavy bicycle hose, 15c pair.

Ladies' heavy fleeced hose, 15c pair.

Fast dye embroidery silk, all shades of twisted and filo, 2 skeins for 5c.

Stamped doylies, 1c to 50c each.

Agency for Butterick Fashions.

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If you have us take your family group we'll take good care of the sitting. Our reputation in this very difficult branch of photography assures you that it will be left in good hands. We make a specialty of children and family pictures. The quality of the work and the prices we quote make us friends all over the county.

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School Shoes must be made specially strong to stand the hard service required of them. My School Shoes have been carefully selected to stand the hard service.

Cash buying gives me the best made and enables me to sell them at right prices. Don't fail to see them before buying.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIAS DREIBELBIS, LATE OF MT. PLEASANT TWP., DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Elias Dreibelbis, late of Mt. Pleasant Twp., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to A. W. DREIBELBIS, ADMINISTRATOR.
1-26-6t

JONAS LONG'S SONS' WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.,
Thursday, Jan. 26, 1899.

OUR GREAT Clearing Sale Goes On.

Never in the history of the Big Store have such enormous sales marked Clearing Sale's Business. With our superior quality of goods, remarkable low prices and splendid facilities for serving the people we have maintained leadership in bargain giving unequalled.

If you attended our great sale during last week, it will require no urging to have you come again this week.

If you have not been here, we would advise you to read these items carefully. They will give you an idea of the great price saving to be had at our Great Clearing Sale.

DOMESTICS.

Light Shirting Prints always 5c. per yard, now 2¾c.

Dark and medium colored Prints, 5c. kind, now, per yard, 3c.

White Shaker Flannel, always 5c., now, per yard, 3c.

Medium and dark Outing Flannels, 6c. kind, now 3½c.

Standard Apron Gingham, 5c. kind, now, per yard, 3¾c.

Genuine Lancaster Ginghams, per yard, 4½c.

MUSLINS.

Hill Muslin, yard wide, 4½c.

Lonsdale and Fruit of the Loom Muslin, per yard, 5½c.

Yard-wide fine Bleached Muslin, per yard, 3½c.

Yard-wide Unbleached Muslin, 7c. kind, per yard, 5c.

Yard-wide Cambric Muslin, 8c. kind, per yard, 5c.

10-4 Mohawk Sheeting, 18c. kind, now, per yard, 14½c.

LINENS.

56-inch Half Bleached Table Linen, per yard, 22c.

64-inch Half Bleached Table Linen, 45c. kind, 34c.

64-inch Half Bleached Linen, 65c. quality, now, per yard, 49c.

Heavy Fringed Unbleached Turkish Towels, at, each, 10c.

All-Linen Unbleached Crash at, per yard, 4¾c.

DRESS GOODS.

3,000 yards, double width, Dress Plaids, at, per yard, 3¾c.

2,350 yards of double width Novelty Dress Fabrics, always 12½c. per yard, now 6½c.

New Dress Novelties, regular 18c. quality, now, per yard, 10c.

An exceptional lot of colored dress goods, included in the assortment of Jamier Novelties, Imperial Serges, 46-inch Cashmeres and Storm Serges, any of which are worth at any time 39c. and 50c. per yard, on sale at, per yard, 25c.

Black Mohairs, an assorted lot, formerly selling at 35c. per yard, this week's price 15c.

All-Wool Black Henriettas, extra fine quality, in plain and figured, always sold at 44c., now, per yard, 25c.

Black Imperial Serge, 46-inches wide, of finest quality, never sold for less than 75c. per yard, now 50c.

Odd ends of silk and satins, at, per yard, 15c.

An assorted lot of plain and fancy silks, value 75c. and $1.00 per yard, now at 49c.

Winter Underwear.

Bargains that are extraordinary.

At 10c. each, Children's Ribbed Fleece Lined Wrappers, all sizes.

At 15c., Misses' Jersey Ribbed Fleeced Lined Vests and Pants.

At 16c., Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Fleeced Vests and Pants.

At 17c., Boys' Natural Grey Shirts and Drawers, 25c. quality.

At 23c., Men's Velvet Fleeced Lined Underwear, regular 50c. quality.

At 23c., Men's Fine Camel's Hair Random Underwear, regular 35c. quality.

Hosiery.

At 5c. per pair, Children's Seamless Fast Black Hose, all sizes.

At 9c. per pair, Children's and Boys' School Hose, with seamless foot and extra heavy weight, regular 15c. quality.

At 12½c. per pair, Ladies' Full Seamless Fine Egyptian Hose, Lisle finish, regular 18c. value.

At 17c. per pair, Ladies' Seamless Black Wool Hose.

Laces.

7,000 yards of fine Torchon, Platt, Val and Medici Laces, also insertings, in widths from 1 to 5 inches, not a yard in the lot worth less than 10c., special for this week's selling at, per yard, 5c.

Coat Selling Extraordinary

Prices are lower than ever before.

Ladies' Jackets of fine Beaver, Cheviots and Kerseys, colors, tan, blue and black, some are made with box front, others tight fitting, with coat and French back; regular price has been $12.00, clearing sale price is $6.67.

Misses' Jackets, in plain and fancy mixed cloths, all are silk lined and formerly sold at $7.50 and $11.00, the clearing sale price is $4.67.

Ladies' Waists of fine wool cloth and Brilliantine, with tucked front, formerly sold at $2.25, the clearing sale price is $1.67.

Muslin Underwear.

Ladies' Gowns of good quality muslin, with tucked yoke, V and high neck, nicely trimmed with neat cambric ruffle, easily worth 50c., clearing sale price 29c.

Ladies' Gowns, trimmed with lace embroidery and inserting; Drawers, trimed with Val lace, inserting and embroidery; Corset Covers, trimmed with embroidery and rows of lace; Petticoats, with deep cambric ruffle and tucks. At any time you would consider them a bargain at 75c., this week take your choice at, each, 49c.

Jonas Long's Sons